The Pyongyang Times

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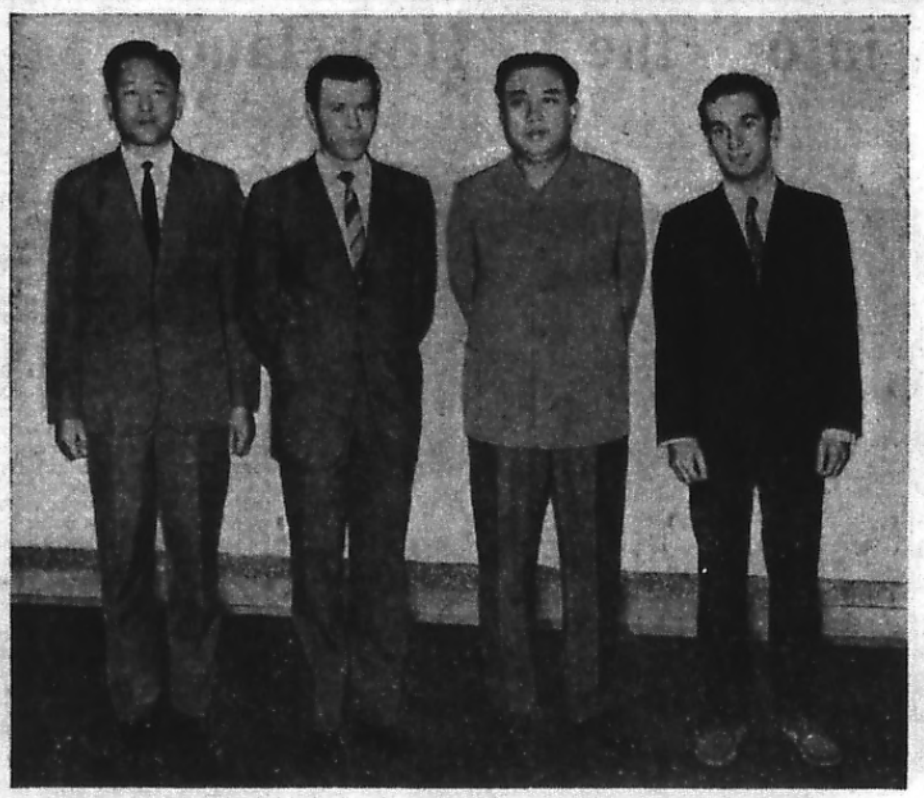

Comrade Kim Il Sung poses for a photograph with the members of the delegation of the Communist Youth Movement of France after receiving them

Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives Delegation of Communist Youth Movement of France

Comrade Kim Il Sung received on June 23 the delegation of the Communist Youth Movement of France.

Present there were the members of the delegation headed by Robert Clement, Secretary General of the Union of Communist Youth of France.

Also present on the occasion was Oh Gi Chon, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly talk with the guests.

Agreement Reached on Establishing Diplomatic Relations at Ambassadorial Level between D.P.R.K. and Democratic Republic of the Sudan

An agreement has been reached on establishing diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Democratic Republic of the Sudan. A communique on the establishment of the diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the two countries was made public in Khartoum on June 21.

The communique said that Hoh Dam, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, visiting the Democratic Republic of the Sudan as a special envoy of Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, called during his stay in the Sudan on His Excellency Gaafar Mohammed el Nomeiri, Chairman of the Revolutionary Council of the Sudan, and Babakr Awadallah, Premier of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, and conveyed a personal letter from Comrade Kim Il Sung to them.

On the occasion, opinions were exchanged on further developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Democratic Republic of the Sudan and on international issues of concern for the two countries, the communique said, and continued:

The Korean side greeted the formation of the Revolutionary Council and the proclamation of the democratic republic in the Sudan and actively supported the struggle of the Sudanese people, denounced the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli expansionists and expressed firm solidarity with the Arab people in the struggle for liberating Palestine and defending national dignity.

The Sudanese side denounced the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people and evinced undivided support to the Korean people in the struggle for the independent unification of the fatherland and held that, as the prerequisite to the unification of Korea, the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops should and must be withdrawn from South Korea, the United Nations interference in the internal affairs of Korea be brought to an end and the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" be dissolved.

The two sides again expressed the unshakable determination to wage a more resolute struggle against imperialism and colonialism, rallied close with all the revolutionary peoples, standing firm on the front of the common struggle of the Asian, African and Latin American peoples for freedom and liberation and the consolidation of national independence.

The communique said in conclusion that an agreement had been reached on establishing diplomatic relations and exchanging diplomatic representatives of ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Democratic Republic of the Sudan for further developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of the two countries, and an agreement had been signed on this.

Korean People Will Sweep Away U.S. Imperialist Aggressors from This Land and Work off 100-odd-Year-Old Grudge Against Them

200,000-Strong Mammoth Rally and Demonstration Held in Pyongyang

On the Occasion of the "Day of Struggle for Immediate Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea"

Our people are observing the 19th anniversary of the provocation of the Korean war by the U.S. imperialist aggressors with a full resolve to revenge themselves on the 100-odd-year-old inveterate enemy wolfish U.S. imperialists under the militant circumstances in which the entire working people in the northern half of the Republic are effecting a great revolutionary upsurge in the country's economic construction and defence upbuilding, upholding the report delivered by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, at the historic Party Conference, the great Ten-Point Political Programme announced by him and his report at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK and in which the flames of the anti-U.S. national-salvation resistance struggle are flaring up fiercely in South Korea.

A grand Pyongyang city mass rally was held on the afternoon of June 24 on Kim Il Sung Square on the occasion of the "Day of Struggle for the Immediate Withdrawal of the U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea".

Workers, Worker-Peasant Red Militiamen each being a match for a hundred foes, and co-operative farmers who overfulfilled their daily plans by rushing their jobs, firmly defending their posts with a hammer or a sickle in one hand and a rifle in the other, in the spirit of crushing the enemy U.S. imperialism with a high revolutionary spirit and firm determination to capture within this year the major heights of the Seven-Year Plan without fail and firmly build up our revolutionary base, government workers, youth and students and housewives poured out into the streets with a burning hatred for the enemy.

Long columns of people streamed into Kim Il Sung Square from every direction of the city with revolutionary songs on their lips, packing the streets. At their head were posters and placards.

The meeting place and the adjoining streets decorated with the flags of the Republic were soon packed with more than 200,000 people.

Respectfully placed in the meeting place was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander.

Over the square were revolutionary slogans reflecting the ardent feelings of the crowds: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the Korean people!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea, the organizer and inspirer of all victories of the Korean people!" "Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, our glorious fatherland!" "Let us defend with our lives the Central Committee of the Party headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Let us inherit and develop the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party!"

Shouts sternly condemning the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the inveterate enemy, and their lackeys with surging indignation shook the square: "Down with the U.S. imperialist aggressors!" "Down with the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique!" and "Let us smash the new war machinations of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique!" Their shouts grew louder and louder with every passing minute. The shouts of the crowds were cries of their determination to unify the country in our generation without fail, pay off our people's old scores upon the wolfish U.S. imperialists and inflict a hundred-fold, a thousand-fold revenge upon the enemies.

The platform was taken by Comrades Kim Il, Kim Gwang Hyop and Choi Hyon and responsible functionaries of the Party and government organs and public organizations and generals of the Korean People's Army.

On the platform were also Bedan Fadhal, General Secretary of the General Federation of Iraqi Trade

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FROM COMRADE KIM IL SUNG'S REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES DURING THE ANTI-JAPANESE ARMED STRUGGLE

Readvance into the Homeland

Comrade Kim Il Sung held a historic meeting in Peitatingtze in April 1939. At the meeting he summed up the arduous march and put forward a line of switching over to a large-scale counteroffensive in spring to advance again into the homeland.

He taught at the meeting to the following effect:

... At this time when the enemy, quite exhausted from the winter "mopping-up operations" returned to his den we must go over to a general counteroffensive without giving him a breathing spell and make preparations for the advance into the homeland... Only by so doing can we secure clothings, food and arms in time, rally our forces, and can we march again into the homeland to shed the gleam of liberation upon our people, restore the destroyed revolutionary organizations and rouse them to a fresh vigorous struggle....

And he also said to the following effect:

... We should send many underground political workers and small units into various parts of the homeland to guide the restoration and rearrangement of the revolutionary organizations in Changpai and the homeland and the formation of new revolutionary organizations among the masses of workers and peasants. Thus we must see to it that where there are the masses there exist revolutionary organizations and that where there are the revolutionary organizations the anti-Japanese united national front is formed and all patriotic forces are united under its banner and an anti-Japanese movement for the restoration of the fatherland is launched vigorously in combination with the armed struggle of our army....

In accordance with this line the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army launched a large-scale spring offensive sweeping away the enemy like an angry wave.

On April 8, they had the first battle at Chiatsaishui, then, on April 12 attacked Chiuchiatien where the large force of the enemy was stationed and waged battles in Shihwutakou and Panchiekou in succession.

On the other hand Comrade Kim Il Sung saw to it that the political workers were sent to residential districts to restore the destroyed organizations of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and conduct the political and organizational work among the masses.

The successive attacks of the anti-Japanese guerillas on the enemy's strategic points in the border regions filled the people with a new hope and joy.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, personally leading the fighters of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army fully prepared for the advance into the homeland, arrived in a hill of Hsiaoteshui in Changpai county. There he held the May Day celebration meeting. At the meeting he spoke on the aim and significance of the advance into the homeland and roused the fighters to a heroic struggle.

Bearing his teaching deep in mind the guerillas marched for the Musan area under his personal command with a firm resolve to wipe out the enemy.

In the forenoon of May 18 the guerillas crossed the Amrok River into the homeland. The fighters who set their feet again on the soil of the beloved country two years after the Bochonbo battle were filled with emotions and excitement.

Comrade Kim Il Sung again advancing to the homeland

Fatherland! How fervently they longed for it in the battle, on the march and by the campfire. It was the fatherland that inspired them to fight like a phoenix.

The guerillas keenly felt that the unhappy country now was calling for relief.

After a short rest on the Amrok River the units left for Chongbong, where Comrade Kim Il Sung ordered his men to camp. The guerillas camping in the homeland, renewed their resolve to liberate it at any cost. They wrote on the trunks of trees the militant slogans: "Let's fight to the end for the freedom, independence and liberation of the Korean nation!" "Down with the fascist military clique of Japan!" "Youth of Korea, come out quickly and join actively in the anti-Japanese war!"

The units camped at Chongbong on May 18, at Konchang on the 19th and then at Begaebong on the 20th. Then they marched to Samjiyon, a picturesque lake. They had their lunch there. Viewing the admirable scenery of Samjiyon in the homeland Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with his men, lessened the fatigue from the march.

From Samjiyon they set out on the "Kapsan-Musan guard road" in broad daylight in accordance with the bold resolve of Comrade Kim Il Sung. The "Kapsan-Musan guard road" bridging Hyesan and Musan was a road that the "governor-general of Korea" had ordered to build for boundary guard, with additional investment approved by the Japanese "emperor" in March 1938 after the Bochonbo battle. To build it the enemy exhausted great labour for a full year.

At the time the opening ceremony of the road was yet to be held, so no one was allowed to go on it. The enemy kept it clean for inspection.

It was indeed a bold and brilliant deed that the guerillas marched on that road to crush the enemy.

The enemy never thought the guerillas would march on that military road in broad daylight. They were desperately combing forests to find out the whereabouts of the guerillas, paying little attention to the road.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, foreseeing all this, had resolved to march on the highway in broad daylight. The keen insight and boldness of Comrade Kim Il Sung greatly inspired the guerillas.

When the enemy was fumbling in the forests in Konchang and Begaebong, the guerillas marched on the highway in high spirits.

Thus the units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army made a successful march through the 40-odd-kilometre-long road and arrived at Mupo on May 21.

Comrade Kim Il Sung spent the night with his men. He convened a meeting of commanders to set forth a concrete operation plan for the advance into Daehongdan.

On May 22, in accordance with the instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung the units moved to the Daehongdan area and, at night, launched the attack in two directions—Sinsadong and Singaechok. They annihilated the enemy at a stroke and put the area under their complete control and carried out the anti-Japanese propaganda.

The news "General Kim Il Sung has come!" spread over the area in a few minutes, and the crowds rushed to his quarter vying with each other.

Comrade Kim Il Sung met the workers in Sinsadong. He took a seat among the workers who crowded in and outside their boarding house and expressed deep sympathy for their miserable life. The eyes of the workers were wet with tears. The workers who suffered appalling poverty and hard drudgery now heard the words of sympathy for their life for the first time. They were choked with tears as if they had met their father after a long separation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung seated a child who came near him on his laps and stroked tenderly his slender shoulders and head.

After a while, he spoke in his peculiar sonorous voice on the mission and aim of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army and encouraged the workers to the anti-Japanese struggle.

...Workers, the Korean people are groaning under oppression and exploitation, suffering from poverty and the absence of rights owing to the aggression by the Japanese imperialists. How resentful and mortifying it is that our people with a long history of five thousand years have become the slaves of the Japanese imperialists and a ruined nation! We can never stand it any longer.

Then, haven't the Korean people the strength to liberate their country? Yes, they have quite enough. That strength lies in the firm unity of the honest-minded people, above all, of the workers and peasants of the whole Korea. We must not merely remain believing in this strength, but must unite the strength and direct it to the struggle for overthrowing Japanese imperialism and liberating the fatherland... We should inherit the patriotic spirit of our forefathers and resolutely come out in the national-liberation struggle against Japanese imperialism. You working class are the most advanced contingent of the Korean people. It is no other than you that must come in the van of the anti-Japanese front for the freedom and liberation of the masses of the have-nots....

When Comrade Kim Il Sung closed his speech to this effect the workers vyingly volunteered to join the guerilla army.

Praising them he told them that to rally the people for the anti-Japanese struggle was also a revolutionary task no less important than fighting with arms in hand.

Panic-stricken by the advance of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army to the area of Musan, the enemy began to attack it from all directions.

Comrade Kim Il Sung anticipated the pursuit of the enemy and saw to it that a unit which had already returned to Daehongdan, the rallying point, and the unit under his direct command embushed themselves in a favourable point.

On May 23 there was a fierce fight on the plain of Daehongdan. His calculation was correct. Around 8 in the morning hundreds of enemies equipped with heavy arms came near the ambush point on the Daehongdan plain. At this time, a unit of the People's Revolutionary Army was returning to the rallying point from its attack on Singaechok. Having found that unit the enemy was pursuing it seeking a good chance of attack.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, having judged the battle situation, ordered that unit to pass the ambush point quickly and saw that the guerillas in ambush showered fire upon the enemy when the enemy came under their very nose. And he ordered our army unit that passed the ambush point to give a frontal attack to the enemy in co-operation with the guerillas in ambush. Thus the enemy met with frontal and flank attacks and suffered heavy losses.

The People's Revolutionary Army dealt so strong a blow to the enemies that those who narrowly escaped death and were fleeing to Yugok fired at random at their garrisons who were coming to their aid, thus causing many casualties among themselves.

Comrade Kim Il Sung who won again a shining victory on the Daehongdan plain and successfully achieved the aim of the advance into the homeland, slowly withdrew his units to Chiangshanling across the Duman River.

At that time many local people volunteered to carry the booty of the guerillas to Chiangshanling braving danger.

The next day, before parting with the people Comrade Kim Il Sung exchanged with them the greetings of farewell.

The people earnestly asked him to liberate the country as soon as possible and wished him good health. They waved their hands until he was out of sight.

The fatherland! Wait for us! We will liberate our fatherland at any cost!

Pledging themselves like this, the fighters of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army left Chiangshanling and marched deep into Holung county in high spirits.

The battle of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army in the Musan area directly organized and commanded by Comrade Kim Il Sung gave severe blows, political and military, to the Japanese imperialist aggressors who had bragged about the "annihilation" of the anti-Japanese guerilla army. It enabled the People's Revolutionary Army to restore the destroyed revolutionary organizations and expand them, display its growing might and instilled the conviction of victory in the people and saved the Korean revolution from crisis and brought about a fresh upsurge in it.

Ji Ryong Cha

EDITORIAL

U.S. Imperialist Aggressors Must Get Out of South Korea at Once

Today our people observe the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea" with a surging hatred for the U.S. imperialist aggressors and with a renewed, firm determination to drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and achieve the peaceful unification of the country.

On June 25, 19 years ago, the U.S. imperialists launched an armed attack against the northern half of the Republic in a vain attempt to stifle our Republic in its cradle and stretch out their tentacles of aggression to the continent.

With a view to achieving their wild aggressive ambition at a breath, the U.S. imperialist armed invaders hurled into the Korean front huge armed forces more than two million strong including the troops of 15 of their vassal states and the South Korean puppet army plus an enormous amount of up-to-date combat equipment and employed the most barbarous war methods and means without precedent in the history of war.

By no means, however, could the enemy subdue our people.

Under the excellent leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, our people and People's Army, displaying matchless bravery and mass heroism, won a historic victory in the three-year Fatherland Liberation War which was a fierce anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle against the allied forces of world reaction headed by U.S. imperialism, and creditably defended the precious revolutionary gains, the freedom and independence of the country and the honour of the fatherland and the nation.

The victory of our people in the Fatherland Liberation War proved clearly that the might of the people who, taking power firmly into their hands, fight for freedom and liberation under the leadership of the outstanding Leader is invincible and that they can annihilate any vicious enemy.

Referring to the great world-wide significance of the historic victory of our people in the Fatherland Liberation War Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"By winning a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, our people humbled the pride of the U.S. imperialists who had boasted of being the 'strongest' in the world, burst the myth about their 'mightiness' to smithereens and started the U.S. imperialists on the downgrade. In the Fatherland Liberation War the Korean people foiled the aggressive attempt of the U.S. imperialists who were threatening the countries of the socialist camp, firmly defended its eastern outpost and contributed greatly to safeguarding the peace and security of the world." ("The Democratic People's Republic of Korea is the banner of freedom and independence for our people and the powerful weapon of building socialism and communism," English ed., p. 22.)

After the war, our people under the seasoned leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung healed the war wounds in the northern half in a short span of time and expedited the revolution and construction and, at the same time, have done everything possible to accomplish the cause of the country's unification, the cherished desire of the nation.

Well known to the world are the principled stand consistently maintained by our Party and the Government of the Republic that the question of Korea's unification should be solved by the Korean people themselves independently and peacefully on a democratic principle without any foreign interference, and our sincere efforts for its realization, and these are enlisting the unanimous support of the peoples and unbiased public opinion throughout the world that respect justice.

Nevertheless, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges have not only turned down all our fair and reasonable programmes and proposals for the peaceful unification of the country but also persisted in their preparations for a new aggressive war systematically trampling upon the Korean Armistice Agreement while retaining South Korea as their colony and military base in the hope of attaining at all costs the aggressive purpose which they failed to achieve in the Korean war.

Since the ceasefire the U.S. imperialists have continuously reinforced their aggressive forces and the South Korean puppet troops, modernized their equipment, introduced such mass destruction weapons as tactical nuclear weapons and guided missiles into South Korea and built newly and expanded military bases and establishments in a big way. In this way they have stepped up war preparations, while incessantly perpetrating hostile acts against the Republic on the ground and sea and in the air.

The U.S. imperialists are actively drawing even the aggressive forces of Japanese militarism into their criminal plots against our people.

Owing to the ever more undisguised new war provocative manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists, an extremely grave situation has been created in our country in which another war may break out at any moment. It is entirely thanks to the persevering efforts of our side and our determined measures taken to counter the war provocation manoeuvres of the enemy that the outbreak of another war in Korea is prevented.

In step with the intensified new war machination of U.S. imperialism, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are further strengthening military fascistization to remove all social forces that they regard as an obstacle to the execution of the war policy in South Korea and are strengthening the plunder against the people.

As a result, today South Korea has become a prison of the people, a living hell where appalling mass starvation and poverty, tyranny and lack of all rights prevail.

The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their aggressive policies constitute the root cause of all misfortunes and tribulations of the South Korean people, the decisive obstacle to the unification of the country and the main source of disturbing the peace in Korea and the Far East.

The withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army from South Korea is the prerequisite to removing the source of war in Korea, turning the Korean armistice into a durable peace and solving the Korean question peacefully.

The principled stand of our Party and the Government of our Republic on national unification remains unchanged.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows in his historic report at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic:

"The basic line of national unification maintained all along by the Government of our Republic is to unify the North and South by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea. This proposal of ours on peaceful unification is most fair and realistic proposal acceptable to all." (Ibid., p. 94.)

Our people under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung are fully prepared to drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and achieve the peaceful unification of the country.

The revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people is also making headway along the road to revolution illumined by Comrade Kim Il Sung and their revolutionary forces are gaining in scope and strength at a rapid tempo.

The socialist camp and broad anti-imperialist forces of the world and hundreds of millions of revolutionary people positively support and encourage the just struggle of our people against U.S. imperialism and for the attainment of national unification.

We extend profound thanks to the progressive peoples of the world for their invariable active support to and solidarity with the just cause of our people, and express the conviction that a struggle against the U.S. imperialists, the heinous common enemy of mankind and No. 1 target of its struggle, and for the frustration of their policies of aggression and war will grow in scope and strength in all countries and in all regions.

Today the revolutionary forces of our people have grown incomparably stronger than at the time when the U.S. imperialists ignited the aggressive war in Korea. We do not want war but are never afraid of it. We are filled with the firm determination to deal a hundred-fold, a thousand-fold retaliatory blow to the enemy, should they dare attack us.

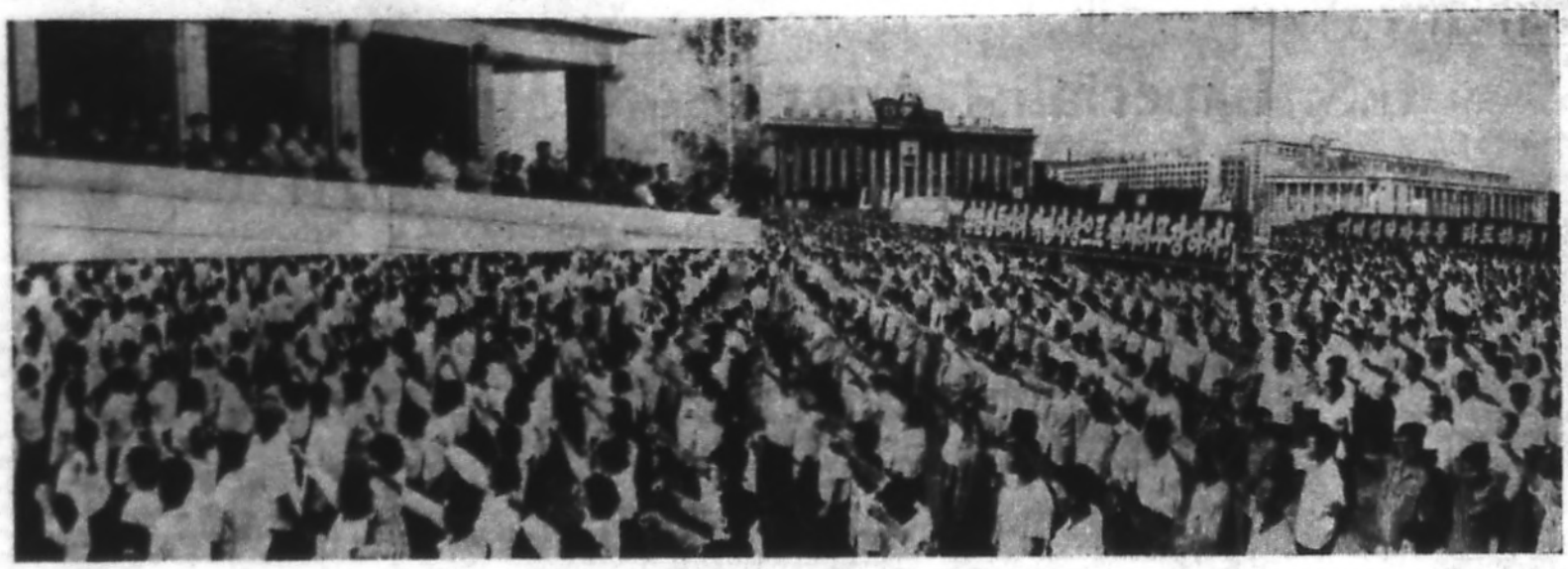
The U.S. imperialists must be clearly mindful of this, and must not run roughshod and must pull out of South Korea at once.

If the U.S. imperialists ignite a new war in Korea in the end, ignoring our repeated warnings, they will get nothing but death and corpses and irrevocable, shameful defeat and ruin.

Invincible is the might of our people who are marching vigorously towards national unification and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander.

The Korean people will drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of the southern half of the country and surely accomplish the national cause of the unification of the country.

The voices of 200,000-strong Pyongyang citizens merge into one voice: "U.S. imperialist aggressor army, withdraw from South Korea immediately!" (At the Pyongyang city mass rally held on the "Day of struggle for the immediate withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea")



Platform of the Pyongyang city mass rally and attendants

Speech of Jon Chang Chol,

Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea,

Made at Pyongyang Mass Rally

(Gist)

Chairman Jon Chang Chol pointed out that the U.S. imperialists and South Korean puppets unleashed a brigandish war of aggression against the northern half of the Republic on June 25, 1950, turning down all the just proposals for the peaceful unification of the fatherland, put forth on many occasions by our Party and the Government of the Republic and ignoring their sincere efforts.

The U.S. imperialists hurled into the Korean front huge armed forces over two million strong including the main portion of their ground, naval and air forces, troops of 15 satellite countries and South Korean puppet army and large quantities of the latest combat equipment and carried out the war of aggression by employing all the barbarous methods and means of war without precedent in history, using even bacteriological and chemical weapons, the speaker noted, and said:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, roused the entire people and People's Army to the heroic struggle for crushing the enemy, putting forth correct military strategic lines at each stage of the war and skilfully employing original tactics, and thus led the just Fatherland Liberation War to brilliant victory.

As Comrade Kim Il Sung said, **"The victory of our people in the Korean war was a victory of the revolutionary people over the imperialist reactionary forces, a victory of the revolutionary army over the aggressive armed forces of imperialism."**

The historical victory of our people in the Fatherland Liberation War showed that when a people rise up and fight firmly taking arms in their hands, rallied close around their Party and Leader, they can crush any vicious aggressors.

By winning a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, our people smashed to pieces the myth about the "mightiness" of U.S. imperialism, started U.S. imperialism going downhill, firmly defended the eastern outpost of the socialist camp and made a great contribution to preserving world peace and security.

After the war, our people under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung healed the war wounds in a short span of time and expedited the revolution and construction in the northern half and, at the same time, exerted all sincere efforts as ever for realizing the peaceful unification of the fatherland.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said: **"The basic line of national unification maintained all along by the Government of our Republic is to unify the North and South by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea."**

But the U.S. imperialists and their stooges have unconditionally turned down our fair and aboveboard programme and proposals for national unification and feverishly stepped up preparations for a new war of aggression, wantonly violating the Korean Armistice Agreement.

The manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists to provoke a new war in Korea have been further intensified especially following the incident of the armed spy ship "Pueblo."

When the spy plane the U.S. imperialists infiltrated again deep into the territorial air of the Republic last April was dealt a deserving blow by the self-defence measure of our people, the scoundrels raised a more adventurous war racket against our country, twaddling about so-called "retaliation."

Referring to the fact that the U.S. imperialists are further tying up the South Korean puppets militarily with the Japanese militarists to unleash a war again in Korea, the speaker pointed out:

Today, owing to the frantic war racket of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, the situation in our country has been aggravated to the extreme.

The root cause of the tension created in our country lies in the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their policy of aggression.

The Korean people do not want to provoke anyone first, but will never allow any one to insult and provoke us.

As clarified in the April 23 statement of the Government of the Republic, we will frustrate to the end any acts infringing upon the sovereignty of our country even if we die.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, said: **"We do not want war, but are never afraid of it. Our people and People's Army will return retaliation for the 'retaliation' of the U.S. imperialists, all-out war for all-out war."**

Pointing to the ever more intensified fascist suppression of the South Korean people by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppets, the speaker said:

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppets, while running riot in war preparations, perpetrated the unpardonable atrocity of cruelly murdering in prison Comrade Choi Yong Do, Chairman of the South Cholla Provincial Committee of the United Revolutionary Party, and illegally arrested and imprisoned Kim Jong Tae, Chairman of the Seoul City Committee of the United Revolutionary Party, and his comrades-in-arms and are

scheming to murder them collectively.

He continued:

Such shuddering atrocities being committed by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique against the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots are nothing but the death-bed frenzy of the doomed.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said: **"Where there are exploitation and oppression, there always breaks out the revolutionary struggle of the people."**

Keenly aware through their bitter experiences in the past 20 years and more that only with a decisive struggle can they crush the U.S. imperialists and their hirelings to the last man and only when they set up a genuine regime of the people can they win genuine freedom and liberation, the South Korean people are vigorously waging the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle in towns and villages, underground and in mountains.

The speaker went on:

To remove the danger of a new war in Korea, deliver the South Korean people from the present miserable plight and achieve the independent unification of Korea, it is necessary, first of all, to make the U.S. imperialists withdraw from South Korea and liquidate their heinous colonial rule.

The U.S. imperialists must discontinue at once their new war provocation manoeuvres against the Korean people and quit South Korea forthwith, taking with them all their lethal weapons.

The U.S. imperialists are abusing the U.N. flag to cover up their aggressive nature in Korea and fool the world people.

The United Nations which is being used as a tool for the U.S. imperialists' aggression and which was reduced to a belligerent party in the Korean war, has no right whatsoever to meddle in the Korean question.

The U.N. must revoke all its illegal "resolutions" on the "Korean question" and make the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops occupying South Korea withdraw and dissolve immediately the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

To accomplish the unification and win independence of the fatherland, South Korea must be cleared of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet regime, their colonial ruling machinery, must be overthrown. At the same time, a relentless struggle should be waged against the Japanese militarists who are making inroads into South Korea to realize their old dream of a "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere" with the backing of the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialists are not only the sworn enemy of the Korean people but the most ferocious common enemy of the world people and No. 1 target of their struggle, the speaker declared, and continued:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader and outstanding Marxist-Leninist, put forth a clear-cut strategic line that to defeat the U.S. imperialists a joint anti-U.S. struggle should be waged vigorously in all regions and in all countries of the world.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us as follows:

"The peoples of all countries making revolution should tear limbs off the U.S. beast and behead it all over the world. The U.S. imperialists appear to be strong, but when the peoples of many countries attack them from all sides and join in mutilating them in that way, they will become impotent and bite the dust in the end."

The Korean people will in the future, too, fight resolutely in firm unity with all the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. forces of the world against the imperialist aggressive forces headed by U.S. imperialism.

The Korean people, he declared, will firmly unite with the heroic Vietnamese people and the fraternal Cuban people who are struggling against the U.S. imperialists and the peoples of all countries of the world who are struggling against imperialism and colonialism and for peace, democracy, national independence and socialism and support and encourage with might and main their struggle.

In view of the ever more intensified new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, we should consolidate as firm as a rock the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic and make full preparations for actively meeting the great revolutionary event of national unification, the speaker remarked, and stressed:

For this, the entire working people should, first of all, firmly arm themselves with the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader who founded the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party and people, founded our Party and our first state of proletarian dictatorship, founded our revolutionary theory and ushered in the new brilliant era of socialist and communist construction in our country, and thus thoroughly establish the system of the unitary ideology of the Party.

The entire working people should effect a new revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of economic construction and defence upbuilding, giving full rein to Chollima, and further increase the economic and defence potentialities of the country.

The South Korean people must fight staunchly to force the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the inveterate enemy, out of South Korea and liquidate their colonial rule and overthrow the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their faithful running dogs.

It is an immediate task for the South Korean people to wage a valiant struggle for curbing and frustrating the policy of war of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and for winning democratic freedom and the right to existence, the speaker noted, and continued:

Still arduous is the road of the struggle for attaining national unification and the nation-wide victory of the revolution. But sure to triumph are the Korean people under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, and only victory and glory are in store for us.

The speaker called upon the entire Korean people to fight vigorously for the independent unification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, rallied ever closer around the Central Committee of the Party headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader,

Speeches Made at the Pyongyang Mass Rally (Gist)

Speech of Li Rim Su,

Chairman of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea

Chairman Li Rim Su pointed out that the three-year-long war imposed upon us by the U.S. imperialists was a war of deciding the destiny of the fatherland and the severest ordeal for our Republic and people, and went on:

With a view to achieving their heinous aggressive aim, the U.S. imperialist aggressors mobilized a large force more than 2 million strong including the armed forces of their 15 satellite countries and the South Korean puppet army as well as a huge amount of up-to-date combat technical materiel; they employed all possible means of war, while resorting to the most barbarous methods.

By any war methods and brutal atrocities, however, the U.S. imperialists could not subdue our people who rose in a life-and-death struggle to defend the country's independence and liberty, nor could they realize their dirty aggressive wild dream.

Under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean revolution, outstanding military strategist and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, our people rose as one man in the sacred struggle for defending the country's liberty and independence, and defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors and safeguarded our glorious fatherland, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The heroic Korean people humbled the pride of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who had boasted that they had never suffered a defeat in their history of aggression, and delivered a due stern verdict of history to them.

The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"In the Korean war, the U.S. imperialists suffered a miserable military defeat for the first time in the history of the United States, and this meant the beginning of a downhill turn for U.S. imperialism."

The historic victory of our people in the Korean war clearly showed that the might of our people rallied closely with a single ideology and will around the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is invincible, and that should any imperialists ignite an aggressive war against our people they would not escape ignominious defeat.

The U.S. imperialists who are doomed to ruin are making desperate efforts to save their serious crisis by directing the spearhead of their aggression to Asia and unleashing another war in our country.

Particularly, the U.S. imperialists are running amuck to launch a war of aggression against our country, doggedly opposing the just line of our Party and the Government of the Republic on national unification, which enjoys unanimous support of the entire Korean people and the progressive people throughout the world.

Due to the policy of war and barbarous fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, South Korea today has been turned into a living hell, a land of darkness where only mass terrorism and massacre, starvation and lack of all rights prevail.

As long as the U.S. imperialist aggressors set foot in South Korea, there can be no peace and security in Korea and the Far East, nor can the national calamity resulting from the territorial division be removed, nor can the brothers in the South free themselves from their colonial slavery.

That is why today broad sections of people and patriotic peasants in South Korea are vigorously waging the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle including armed guerilla struggle with firm confidence in victory to hasten the glorious day when they will live happily in a unified fatherland under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, boundlessly revering him.

This struggle is a righteous struggle for liberty and democracy and a sacred, patriotic struggle to wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and realize the independent unification of the country.

With any desperate manoeuvres the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique cannot dampen the patriotic aspiration of the South Korean people and check their revolutionary advance, nor can they escape their fate already sealed like the setting sun in the west.

He continued:

The might of our country today has grown incomparably stronger than at the time when the U.S. imperialists unleashed the Korean war 19 years ago.

The entire Korean people are united as firm as a rock with the singleness of ideology and will around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and have armed themselves with the "a-match-for-a hundred" People's Army as the core and turned the whole land into a strong and impregnable fortress.

If the U.S. imperialist aggressors dare to unleash a war in Korea, the Korean people will surely wipe the enemy U.S. imperialists off this land once and for all and accomplish the sacred cause of national unification.

All our agricultural working people will firmly arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, revolutionize and working-classize themselves, defend the Leader at the cost of their lives in any adversity and fight on stubbornly along the road indicated by him.

U.S. imperialist aggressors, get out of South Korea at once!

Speech of Oh Gi Chon,

Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea

Chairman Oh Gi Chon said that on June 25, 1950, the U.S. imperialist aggressors launched an all-out armed aggression against our people, but with no amount of military forces and barbarous atrocities could they break the indomitable revolutionary spirit and indestructible strength of the Korean people and youth and students who rose in the sacred just war for the freedom and independence of the fatherland.

He went on to say:

Our youth and students who were educated by the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the military strategist-genius and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, and who inherited the revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, were not discouraged in the least, nor wavered even in the harsh war that engulfed the whole land in a sea of fire, but, upholding the brilliant military strategic line of Supreme Commander Marshal Kim Il Sung, rose up like a phoenix and unhesitatingly laid down their sole youthful lives for one and the only fatherland at the front, in the rear or in guerilla ranks to ruthlessly wipe out the arrogant U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Pointing out that owing to the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists a grave situation has been created in our country in which a new war may break out at any moment, he warned the enemies not to forget the serious lessons of history. He then emphasized as follows:

Our socialist system is held dearer than anything else by the Korean youth and students who have armed themselves firmly with the immortal revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and emulated the unbending revolutionary spirit of the anti-Japanese guerillas: "Let us annihilate the enemy even if we die a thousand and one times!" and who have been tempered in the storm of anti-imperialist struggle.

Our youth and students are now ready for action to beat down at one blow the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the more than a hundred years old implacable enemy of our people, should they attack us recklessly.

The great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung taught: **"We do not want war, but are never afraid of it. Our people and People's Army will return retaliation for the 'retaliation' of the U.S. imperialists, all-out war for all-out war."**

If the wolfish U.S. imperialists, instead of looking straight into the realities, aggravate tension to the extreme and eventually ignite another war in Korea, they will perish to the last man in the flames they kindle by themselves.

Having exposed the crimes of the U.S. imperialists and their filthy dogs, the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, who have established the structure of villainous military fascist rule in South Korea and are brutally oppressing the revolutionaries and patriots there, he went on to say:

I, on behalf of the entire Korean youth and students, sternly denounce with surging national indignation the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys for their never-to-be-pardoned fascist outrages of suppressing the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

He also referred to the miserable plight of the South Korean youth and students, and continued as follows:

The hot-blooded patriotic youth and students in the South look up to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, to draw their strength and courage from him and vigorously come out in the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle along the road brightly illumined by him. And they are waging a dauntless struggle in ever firmer unity.

The entire youth and students in the northern half of the Republic are now sending warm compatriotic and militant encouragement to the South Korean youth and students who have turned out in the just and heroic struggle to overthrow the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and achieve the unification of the country.

He went on to say: Now the U.S. imperialist aggressors are trying to find their way out of a tight corner in extending the war and bestially oppressing the national-liberation movement, but no force on their part can save them from their fate already sealed.

The revolutionary people and youth and students all over the world, holding high the banner of anti-U.S. struggle and further strengthening their unity, should mutilate and behead the U.S. imperialist aggressors everywhere they have stretched out their tentacles of aggression, and thus wipe them off the face of the globe once and for all.

I, in the name of the entire Korean youth and students, express my warmest congratulations and militant solidarity to the youth and students of the whole world who are heroically fighting to sweep away the imperialists and colonialists headed by the U.S. imperialists from the earth and to achieve national liberation and independence.

Keeping on holding higher the banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, the Korean youth and students will fight on more dynamically in firm unity with the progressive youth and students of the world till imperialism, particularly U.S. imperialism, is completely annihilated.

He said that the entire youth and students should be equipped firmly with the revolutionary ideas of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, his immortal idea of *Juche*, and profoundly study to acquire the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party so that they may become the bodyguards and death-defying corps who always think as the Leader does, act on his teachings, protect and defend the Leader with their lives in any adversity, and carry out his orders to the end, going through fire and water. Then he referred to the tasks confronting our youth and students and went on to say:

Now all our youth and students take an immense pride and self-confidence in the fact that they are under the leadership of the great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, military strategist-genius, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the world revolution, and are filled with intense loyalty to the Leader so that they may devote even their

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Unions and head of its delegation; Robert Clement, Secretary General of the Union of Communist Youth of France and head of the delegation of the Communist Youth Movement of France; Mouhammad Mourad Aga, Vice-Chairman of the General Federation of Syrian Workers' Trade Unions and head of its delegation; and Sjoman Toreonni Ossian, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Finnish Democratic Youth Union and head of its delegation.

On the reviewing stands on either side of the platform were diplomatic representatives of foreign countries, staff members of foreign embassies, foreign guests now staying in our country and foreign students studying in Pyongyang.

After Jong Song Il, Vice-Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee, declared the meeting open, the Patriotic Song was solemnly played.

The meeting was addressed by Jon Chang Chol, Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea.

He was followed by Li Rim Su, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People; Oh Gi Chon, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth; and Ryang Chang Suk, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Democratic Women's Union.

The meeting was also addressed by Bedan Fadhal, head of the delegation of the General Federation of Iraqi Trade Unions; Robert Clement, head of the delegation of the Communist Youth Movement of France; Mouhammad Mourad Aga, head of the delegation of the General Federation of Syrian Workers' Trade Unions; and Sjoman Toreonni Ossian, head of the delegation of Finnish Democratic Youth Union.

The meeting adopted an appeal to the South Korean people amid the thunderous applause of the attendants.

The meeting was followed by a mammoth demonstration of more than 200,000 people.

The crowds streamed out into the streets in torrents.

The streets were soon crammed with demonstrators. Wave after wave of people marched through the streets. Above their heads were seen posters and placards. They were in a spirit of going to fight the enemy. The streets rang with their angry cries.

The heroic Korean people and the Korean People's Army whose each man is a match for a hundred foes, under the outstanding leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, will sweep away the enemy at a stroke and achieve the historic cause of the country's unification if the U.S. imperialist aggressors continue to resort to the reckless aggressive manoeuvres instead of drawing lessons from history.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"We do not want war, but are never afraid of it. Our people and People's Army will return retaliation for the 'retaliation' of the U.S. imperialists, all-out war for all-out war."

This teaching is our steadfast faith and determination.

Our people are firmly united around the great Leader and have firmly built up the whole country as an impregnable fortress by thoroughly implementing the line of carrying on economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel and the Party's military line set forth by him.

They are all under arms and are fully prepared to annihilate the U.S. imperialist aggressors at a stroke on the spot, wherever

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Speech of Oh Gi Chon

youth and lives without hesitation to the struggle for carrying out his orders to the end.

We Korean youth and students, rallied closely around the great Party and the great Leader, should continue to wage a stubborn struggle with ever firmer confidence in a sure victory and in high spirits of annihilating the enemy, along the road to the glorious brilliant victory indicated by Marshal Kim Il Sung in his report at the Party Conference, the great Ten-Point Political Programme and the report at the 20th anniversary celebration of the founding of the Republic, thereby smiting the U.S. imperialist aggressors, unifying the fatherland without fail and adding lustre to the ever-lasting revolutionary ideas of the Leader through the countless generations yet to come.

Down with the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the inveterate enemy of the Korean people!

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the enemy may attack us—on the land and sea or in the air.

U.S. imperialist aggressors, don't run wild!

The angry torrents of the demonstrators marched through the streets in the spirit of dashing to the enemy's stronghold with fixed bayonets.

"Let us firmly arm ourselves with the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung!"

Only victory and glory are in store for the Korean people who are firmly armed with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious ideas, and have inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party. This is the deep faith of the demonstrators.

They renew their firm resolve to boldly go through any difficulties and ordeals and wipe out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges without fail with the united strength of the North and South Korean people.

They chanted the slogans expressing the most militant solidarity with the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people who are now fighting for the South Korean revolution and the cause of the country's unification holding high the banner of anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle, fearing neither prison, nor gallows.

The demonstrators also shouted the slogans for strengthening the international solidarity in the revolution: "Let us hold aloft the banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle!" "Let us limb the U.S. imperialists everywhere in the world!" and "We actively support and encourage the struggle of the peoples of the countries waging the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle!"

The 200,000-odd-strong mammoth demonstration!

This was a magnificent flow of iron demonstrating the unshakable resolve of our people to unite more closely around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, breathe and act upon his great revolutionary ideas and fight, devoting their youth and lives, along one road of the revolution indicated by him and their unbreakable might. And this was a rank of struggle demonstrating to the whole world their deep faith and iron will to sweep away from this land the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys without fail with the united strength of the North and South Korean people and accomplish the revolutionary cause of the country's unification and to advance, advance, fight and advance holding high the banner of the revolution until the Red flag of socialism and communism flies all over the world.

No force in the world can stem the march of our people who vigorously move ahead full of this faith and resolve.

Speeches Made at the Pyongyang Mass Rally (Gist)

Speech of Ryang Chang Suk,

Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Democratic Women's Union of Korea

Vice-Chairman Ryang Chang Suk disclosed the fact that the U.S. imperialists, having unleashed the criminal war of aggression against our country on June 25, 1950, mobilized huge armed forces and an enormous amount of up-to-date combat equipment and used even the bacteriological and chemical weapons to reduce to ashes everything — towns, villages, schools, hospitals and what not—and committed the unheard-of brutal atrocities of killing the innocent people right and left, irrespective of women, children and the old. She went on to say:

With no amount of the cruel methods and means of warfare could the wolfish U.S. imperialists subdue the Korean people and women who rose as one with the burning hatred for the aggressors in the struggle to defend the freedom, independence and honour of the fatherland.

She referred to the fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors, far from drawing due lessons from their ignominious defeat in the Korean war, are hell-bent on provoking a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and continued:

By no means, however, can they frighten our people who are rallied closely around the Party and the Leader with one and the same idea and will.

We do not want war, but are never afraid of it.

Our people and women will resolutely foil any desperate attempt of the U.S. imperialist aggressors to trample underfoot the sovereignty and dignity of the country, and will fight out to the better end in their struggle against the enemy.

She mentioned that the U.S. imperialist aggressors and Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, running amuck to start another war, are brutally putting down the just anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people and women against their colonial rule and war policy. Dwelling upon the wretch plight of the South Korean women, she continued:

The root cause of all the misfortunes and sufferings the South Korean people and women are undergoing lies precisely in the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and in the fascist terrorist tyranny of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows: **"We cannot merely look with folded arms at the miserable plight of the South Korean compatriots and can never hand down a divided fatherland to our posterity. As long as there remains the wretched situation in which the country and the nation are divided and our compatriots, brothers and sisters of one and the same blood are subjected to all sorts of national insult and maltreatment by foreign aggressors, neither Korean Communist, nor conscientious Korean nationalist can say that he has discharged his duty."**

Taking to heart the teachings of the Leader, the entire Korean people and women are waging a vigorous struggle to force U.S. imperialism withdraw from South Korea and hasten the independent

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Arab People Sharply Denounce All Provocative Acts of U.S. Imperialism and Resolutely Support Struggle of Korean People for Defending Their Fatherland

Speech of Bedan Fadhal, Head of the Delegation of the General Federation of Iraqi Trade Unions

Bedan Fadhal, head of the delegation of the General Federation of Iraqi Trade Unions, sternly condemned the ceaseless provocative acts of the U.S. imperialists against the fighting Korean people.

Recalling that the beasts sent a spy ship some time ago and a spy plane recently, he said:

The U.S. imperialist aggressors should clearly realize that no matter what frenzy they may resort to, the Korean people can smash all this under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, a fighter and Leader.

The Arab people declare that they sharply denounce all the provocative acts perpetrated by the U.S. imperialists against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and resolutely support the struggle of the Korean people for defending their fatherland.

And we strongly demand the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea.

The Iraqi delegation vehemently denounces the suppression and persecution committed by the U.S. imperialists and their puppets against fighters of the Korean people in South Korea, and demand the immediate release of these fighters.

The U.S imperialists who are perpetrating barbarous crimes against the Korean people brought into shape a brigandish state called "Israel" in the heart of the Arab soil and expelled millions of our Arab brothers, the true population of Palestine.

Now the Arab peoples are fighting to restore their lost land and the Palestinian Arabs are fighting with arms in hands against the aggressors to liberate their land.

In conclusion he called upon all forces to unite themselves, rise as one and wage a determined struggle against U.S. imperialism and world imperialism and their stooges in all places.

U.S. Imperialism Must Get Out of South Korea at Once. We Will Make Every Effort to Support Korean People

Speech of Robert Clement, Head of the Delegation of the Communist Youth Movement of France

Noting that his delegation was received on June 23 by Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Robert Clement, head of the delegation of the Communist Youth Movement of France, said his delegation deemed it infinite joy and glory.

I assure you that we are standing foursquare behind the Korean people who are waging a struggle against imperialism and for the socialist construction of the country and the unification of the fatherland, he said.

One week's stay is too short for us to acquaint ourselves with the glorious revolutionary traditions and history of Korea, especially the heroic and patriotic revolutionary history recorded by the Korean people in the course of struggle against imperialism and for the independence and freedom of the country, he added.

He expressed the conviction that the U.S. imperialists can never subdue the Korean people who have resolutely risen up against all sorts of aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and for the socialist construction of the country and the unification of the fatherland under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The head of the delegation said:

The U.S. imperialists have no right whatsoever to stay in South Korea.

Korea belongs only to the Korean people who desire to live in happiness in an independent country.

We express, in the name of the entire French youth, our active solidarity with your just aspiration.

Noting that the front unfolded by the U.S. imperialists in Vietnam and the Military Demarcation Line built by them in Korea, in fact, are part of the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression, he pointed out that such aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists is the link in the whole chains of the world strategy of the U.S. imperialists which are inflicting enormous sacrifices on all parts of the world such as Vietnam, Korea, the Near and Middle East, Cuba and the Congo.

The U.S. imperialists are running ever wilder to save themselves from the quagmire into which they have been driven by the successive blows dealt to them in the new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people and in Vietnam and South Korea and the rest of the world, he said and stressed:

But the U.S. imperialists will inevitably meet the same doom as the "Pueblo" which was captured by the courageous Korean people and the U.S. imperialist spy plane which infiltrated deep into the territorial air of Korea but was shot down, and will be defeated without fail.

He recalled that the U.S. imperialists directly rigged up the so-called "South Korea-Japan Treaty" to bring together the South Korean puppets and Japan-

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Speeches Made at the Pyongyang Mass Rally (Gist)

(Continued from Page 6)

Speech of Ryang Chang Suk

unification of the country.

Even at this moment the South Korean people and women, firmly equipping themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and upholding the line set forth by him for the South Korean revolution and the country's unification, are dynamically unfolding various forms of the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle including the armed guerilla struggle and bravely fighting in towns and villages, underground and in mountains, in prisons and at murderous "courts" and on gallows, invariably remaining faithful to the revolution, in order to move up the advent of the day of victory.

With any desperate machination the U.S. imperialists and Pak Jung Hi puppet clique cannot check the just anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people and women, nor can they save themselves from the doom.

U.S. imperialism is the most heinous aggressors in modern times and the chieftain of imperialism.

There is no place on the globe where the aggressive talons of U.S. imperialism have not stretched out, and the people's blood is shed everywhere the U.S. imperialists set foot.

The revolutionary peoples and women of the world should take the anti-U.S. joint action, form the anti-U.S. common front and pool their strength everywhere to further step up the anti-U.S. struggle for peace and security, for the happy future of children, national independence and social progress.

The Korean people and women, upholding the banner of the anti-U.S. struggle in the future, too, will further strengthen the militant solidarity with the fighting revolutionary peoples of the world and render active support and encouragement to their struggle.

In order to drive out the U.S. imperialist aggressors and accomplish the supreme national task of the country's unification, we entire women will arm ourselves, above all, with the great revolutionary ideas of Premier Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and thoroughly prepare ourselves to become the indomitable revolutionary fighters who unconditionally defend and carry through his orders and instructions under any adversity.

The entire women will struggle more vigorously for the country's unification and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, rallied more firmly around the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people Premier Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

Down with the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of the Korean people and the heinous ogres!

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ese militarists politically, economically and militarily and resolutely denounced the U.S. imperialists who are occupying South Korea and violating the national dignity and sovereignty of the Korean people, forcing misfortunes and sufferings upon the South Korean people, depriving them of all rights.

He said: We extend our friendly greetings and express our full support to the South Korean people and the United Revolutionary Party in the heroic struggle for achieving the independent unification of the country after driving the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and overthrowing their puppet "regime" and thus accomplishing the revolution on a nation-wide scale.

Korean people and youths told us that "We do not want war, but we will mete out deserving punishment to the aggressors, if the U.S. imperialists ignite a new war in Korea."

The U.S. imperialists must get out of South Korea at once. The prime mover in artificially splitting Korea is none other than the U.S. imperialists.

The question of Korea's unification is an internal affair of the Korean people. Therefore, we fully support the just stand of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that the fatherland should be unified by the Korean people themselves on a democratic basis and in a peaceful way, without outside interference, after driving the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea.

The Communist Youth Movement of France has endeavoured to educate the youths in the ideas of communism and proletarian internationalism in the whole period of its struggle, he said, and continued:

We are together with the Korean people who have risen up against the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists and together with the South Vietnamese people who, under the leadership of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam, are heroically fighting against the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and for unconditionally and completely driving the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and the troops of their satellite countries out of South Vietnam and for the right of the Vietnamese people to solve the Vietnam question by themselves, without any outside interference and for putting an end to all sorts of acts encroaching upon the security and sovereignty of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam.

It is an important question, he stressed, that all the anti-imperialist and progressive forces in the present times realize the anti-imperialist joint front against imperialism and for smashing its aggressive machinations.

In conclusion, he confirmed once again that they are together with the Korean youths who are waging a sacred struggle under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung and stressed that they would make every effort to actively support the Korean people.

We Demand Immediate Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from S. Korea. Korean People Should Be Left to Decide Their Own Destiny

Speech of Mouhammad Mourad Aga, Head of the Delegation of the General Federation of Syrian Workers' Trade Unions

Mouhammad Mourad Aga, head of the delegation of the General Federation of Syrian Workers' Trade Unions, extended warm greetings to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, who leads the Korean people to victory and who is a beacon for the people who have fought and are fighting for freedom, socialism and solidarity.

He voiced solidarity and full support to the Korean people fighting in the North and South under the banner of freedom and independence against the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists and their stooges and for the country's unification.

He pointed out that the Korean people under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Leader, have turned the Democratic People's Republic of Korea into an advanced industrial-agricultural state and are dashing forward in high revolutionary spirits in socialist construction, with the idea of *Juche* and in the spirit of Chollima.

Declaring that they cherish deep respects for the great victories won by the Korean people in the three-year war against the U.S. imperialist aggression and always remember them, the head of the delegation went on:

As Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Leader, said that **"If more countries, even if small, pool their strength and fight resolutely against imperialism, the peoples can knock down U.S. imperialism with decisively overwhelming power at each and every front,"** our revolution is one reflecting the desire of the fighting peoples and making a national contribution to the realization of this desire

We express deep thanks to you for the solidarity you expressed when the British and French troops and their stooges Israeli scoundrels launched aggression on Egypt, our great friend, in 1956.

We also express thanks to you for the correct stand you took when Israel perpetrated aggression against Arab countries recently at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists.

We denounce the aggression and provocations by the U.S. imperialists against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and demand them to immediately withdraw their aggressor troops from South Korea.

The Korean people should be left to decide their own destiny.

We denounce the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are beastly suppressing South Korean patriots and revolutionaries.

He denounced the Israeli expansionists who, having occupied Palestinian Arab land at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists,

are ruthlessly suppressing the people in this area. He pointed out: Israel which faithfully serves the United States as its colonial base, is menacing security of the Arab people and peace in the whole world.

We are learning a lot of beneficial things in the course of traversing the correct road indicated by the ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung that the only way for the liberation of the people is the road of armed struggle, he stressed, and said: The Arab people are waging various forms of struggle including the armed struggle for driving the Israeli Zionists out of the occupied areas.

He dwelt on the successes made by the working class of the Syrian Arab Republic following the glorious revolution in 1963, and referred in conclusion to the external activities of the General Federation of Syrian Workers' Trade Unions.

We express solidarity with the heroic Korean people and the Vietnamese, Angolan and Mozambique peoples and with the Southern Rhodesian and South African peoples against racism and also express solidarity with the Eritrean people and Latin American peoples, he declared.

He denounced the manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists against the Korean and Vietnamese peoples.

U.S. Imperialists' Wild Dream Was Shattered before the Invincible Might of Heroic Korean People

Speech of Sjoman Toreonni Ossian, Head of the Delegation of the Finnish Democratic Youth Union

Sjoman Toreonni Ossian, head of the delegation of the Finnish Democratic Youth Union, said that the Finnish people express deep and warm sympathy for all the people in the struggle for defending the freedom and national self-determination.

Such sense of solidarity found typical expression in the stubborn struggle of the progressive Finnish youth against the aggression which was launched by the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people on June 25, 1950, and which set off a wave of strong protest all over the world, he said.

He pointed out that in the Korean war the U.S. imperialists' wild dream was shattered before the invincible might of the heroic Korean people who enjoyed the world-wide solidarity, but

they have not yet given up their dream to invade Korea. And he denounced the military provocations ceaselessly perpetrated by the U.S. imperialists against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and their provocative acts in their instrusion into the territorial waters and territorial air of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists who are aggravating tension in Korea and attempting to unleash a war find their expression also in the fact that they are continuously introducing military forces and equipment en masse into South Korea they are occupying, the delegation head pointed out, and said: The "policy of strength" of the U.S. imperialists which is being enforced in Korea and the rest of the world is very dangerous for all the peoples of the world.

If imperialism unleashes a war in one part of the world, it also threatens the dignity of the people of other areas. It is common interests for all the people to extend firm solidarity with the people in the struggle against imperialism and for freedom and independence.

He expressed solidarity with the heroic Vietnamese people who are fighting for defending their dignity taking arms in their hands.

Noting that the U.S. imperialists are the prime mover in trampling underfoot the will of the people by force of arms just as they are doing in Korea, the head of the delegation said:

The Finnish people express solidarity with your struggle against the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and resolutely denounce the military provocations and violations being committed by the U.S. imperialists against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on the Military Demarcation Line.

He expressed firm support to the struggle and stand of the Korean people for achieving the unification of the fatherland.

In conclusion, the head of the delegation stressed that the unification of Korea should be achieved in a peaceful way and on a democratic basis without any interference of outside forces, that is, interference of the U.S. imperialists.

A Visit to the Fatherland Liberation War Memorial

Everything for Victory in the War

Hall No. 2 named the operational hall is dedicated to the display of data showing impressively the great military thought and outstanding strategy and tactics of Marshal Kim Il Sung, military strategist-genius and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, who led the Fatherland Liberation War to great victory.

On June 26, 1950 the day after the outbreak of the Korean war, the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung in his historic radio address exposed the aggressive nature of the war launched by the enemy and clarified the justness of the war we were fighting against him, and called upon the entire Korean people to rise as one in the sacred national-salvation war and devote all efforts to the struggle for victory in the war, in order not to become slaves of the foreign imperialists.

On the first wall of the hall is the picture of Comrade Kim Il Sung delivering the radio address. Respectfully put on display are a microphone and a tape recorder used for the radio address. On both sides of his picture are many data in the early period of the war including photographs showing men of the People's Army going over to counteroffensives in enthusiastic response to the militant call of the Leader, the decisions of the Government of the Republic on placing all work of the country on a wartime footing and turning the Fatherland Liberation War into an all-people war and youth and students volunteering to go to the front.

In response to the call of the respected and beloved Leader the Party, state and economic work was put on a wartime footing in a short time and the entire people came out in the sacred war to annihilate the enemy.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, on the basis of an all-round analysis of the obtaining situation, set forth the strategic line of baffling the enemy's attack and going over to counteroffensives, wiping out the main force of the enemy as quickly as possible before the U.S. imperialist aggressors built up their large military force, and liberating the South Korean people.

Bearing deep in mind the words of Comrade Supreme Commander: **"All officers and men of the People's Army should fight to the last drop of their blood for the sake of the fatherland and the people,"** the heroic People's Army pushed south like angry billows wiping out the enemy.

"Just before a decisive battle"

The men of the People's Army who had inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, were infinitely true to the Leader and the Party and the people and were burning with hatred against the enemy, made heavy attacks against the enemy without giving a breathing spell to him firmly taking the initiative from the first battle fought after they went over to counteroffensives, and liberated Seoul, the enemy's den, on the third day after the U.S. imperialists started the war.

Visitors pause before the impressive pictures of tankmen of the Korean People's Army marching into Seoul amid the warm welcome of the South Korean people and of South Korean youth, liberated from the dark rule of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, volunteering to go to the front carrying placards bearing slogans "Long live General Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Korean People's Army!"

The guide leads the visitors to the relief map showing the encircling operations in Taejon which shine brightly in the history of the Fatherland Liberation War. Pointing to the relief map, she tells them the story about how splendidly the People's Army annihilated the 24th division of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces vaunted as an "ever-victorious division" in the history of their aggressive wars.

The People's Armymen surged south like the wind, administering baptism of fire to the desperate enemy. In mid-July 1950 there was a bitter battle in the area of the Kum-gang River.

Having suffered defeat after defeat, the enemy sought to beat off the attack of our army through a stubborn defence relying on the natural fortress of the Kumgang River and the Sobaek mountains and hold to Taejon puppet Syngman Rhee proclaimed as a "temporary capital."

The U.S. imperialists hurled into the defence of Taejon the puppet army divisions and the 24th division of their aggressor forces vaunted as an "ever-victorious" division in the 160-odd years' history of their aggression, and rushed their first cavalry division as reinforcements.

Supreme Commander Marshal Kim Il Sung personally commanded the operations of the People's Army units.

He drew up a plan of operations. According to the plan the main units of our army operating in the western sector of the front would advance in three directions after liberating Seoul and cross the Kum-gang River line before the enemies built up their defences and encircle and wipe out them in Taejon.

The combined infantry and tank units of the People's Army in close conjunction launched a general attack on Taejon at dawn of July 20.

But the situation was critical. The enemy continued to mass his forces for the defence of Taejon. The prevailing situation raised many questions.

At this critical juncture Marshal Kim Il Sung ordered the combined units of the People's Army operating in the Ronsan area to control without delay the southern approaches to Taejon by outflanking operations.

Our armymen made a forced march at a speed exceeding all imagination of the enemy across steep and rugged mountains and ridges covered with sharp-cut cliffs to forestall the advance of the mechanized reinforcements of the U.S. imperialists' aggressor forces to Taejon. They went 40 kilometres nay 60 kilometres a day across mountains and contained the advance of the reinforcements of the enemy and cut off his retreat.

Surprised in the rear, the "crack" 24th division of the U.S. imperialists' aggressor forces now became a rat in a trap. Thus, this division was annihilated and its commander Dean was captured.

The operations for the liberation of Taejon commanded personally by Marshal Kim Il Sung were a model of the modern encircling operations, a comprehensive and skillful combination of a variety of tactics and methods of war -- close co-operation of various arms, frontal attack, encirclement and annihilation, blitz attack, outflanking operations, ambush and storm. This added another brilliant page to the world history of war.

The operations for the liberation of Taejon exploded to pieces the myth about the "mightiness" of the U.S. imperialists' aggression forces and demonstrated once again the superiority of the Korean People's Army's military art.

On view in this hall are a picture of Dean who was captured when he was running away in a soldier's uniform, his two-starred helmet and car indicator.

Also on display are the data showing the outstanding strategy and tactics set forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung in the period of temporary retreat when a serious danger befell our fatherland.

Marshal Kim Il Sung conceived the readvance of the People's Army while organizing the difficult retreat and, on the basis of his intelligent insight into the weak points and plan of the enemy, put forward an original line of forming a powerful second front behind the enemy line with large combined units of the regular army.

He told the commander of the second front about the frontline situation and said that the enemy's intention was fantastic and quite nonsensical. And he, pointing to the operational map, remarked on the plan of forthcoming operations for counteroffensives by our People's Army to the following effect:

... The direction of our army's main blow is this western sector of the front. Only when we encircle and wipe out the U.S. 8th army, the main force of the enemy, massed here (the Chongchon-gang River area) can we split up the whole group of the enemy mainly into the western and eastern sectors of the front and destroy it.

At the same time, we can present great threats to the whole front of the enemy and throw it into confusion.

On the other hand, when we break through this area can we secure prompt link-up with our units operating behind the enemy line...

When the second campaign start the units operating behind the enemy line must control these roads (between Pyongyang and Kaesong, Pyongyang and Singye, and Yangdok and Wonsan) and wipe out the fleeing enemy. Then a large enemy force will be trapped in an encircling ring. But the heinous enemy will desperately attempt to build intermediate defences along the 38th Parallel with his remnants and operational reserve corps. Accordingly, our units operating behind the enemy line must promptly control the 38th Parallel with the expansion of the results of our attacks and attack the reinforced group of the enemy coming up from the south and completely thwart the enemy's attempt at intermediate defence....

How far, correctly and intelligently our respected and beloved Leader foresaw the prospects of the war!

At last, the enemy, hit hard by the counteroffensives of our main force, began to run away by the roads Marshal Kim Il Sung had mentioned.

Combatants of the second front units made full preparations for action and administered baptism of fire to the enemy when fleeing by the roads.

At that time, Walker, the 8th army commander of the U.S. imperialists' aggressor forces whom they had boasted of as an "illustrious general" was killed by a mine laid by our sappers.

Speaking of the correct and scientific plan of operations drawn up by Marshal Kim Il Sung, our combatants said: "The Yankee scoundrels, too, seem to act upon the orders of Comrade Supreme Commander."

In this hall the visitors are struck with admiration at the original methods of war applied by Marshal Kim Il Sung to fit in with the terrain features of our country in each phase of the war.

The aircraft hunters' team movement, the first anti-aircraft tactics the history of war has ever known, directly initiated by him played a big role in smashing the enemy's "air superiority."

Our aircraft-hunters shot down 2,973 enemy planes with ordinary firearms in two years. This figure accounted for nearly a half of the total enemy planes downed during the three year-long war. With the intensification of aircraft-hunters' activities the enemy planes shifted from the low flight to the high and from the daytime flight to the night. And their free movement became impossible.

The method of the tunnel warfare initiated by him was quite a new one in the history of military arts and is of great import particularly in modern war. This war method of defending positions in reliance on tunnels was very effective. Our defenders of Height 1211 wiped out more than 15,000 enemies introducing this method.

A variety of combat methods directly initiated by Marshal Kim Il Sung such as mobile artillery activities, storming battle, tank-hunters' team movement and snipers' movement made it possible to smash the "technical superiority" of the enemy and overpower the enemy technically.

Our brave snipers carried on their activities vigorously not only in front of our defensive perimeter but right and left of and before and behind the enemy's positions. They wiped out more than 13,000 enemies between January and April 1953.

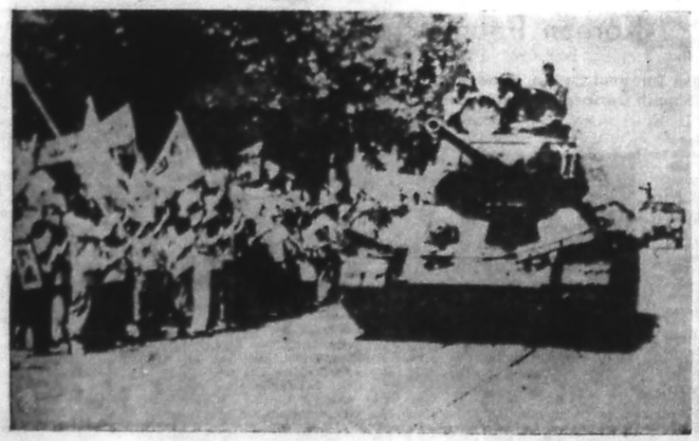
The enemy soldiers shivered with fright even in the daytime. They deplored: "We are afraid of the storm of the People's Army at night and of snipers in the daytime."

The great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War owes to the outstanding strategy and tactics of Marshal Kim Il Sung and his original methods of war and superb art of command of army.

Leaving the operational hall, the visitors feel deeply a pride in having as their great Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, military strategist-genius and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, and renew their resolve to remain infinitely true to him.

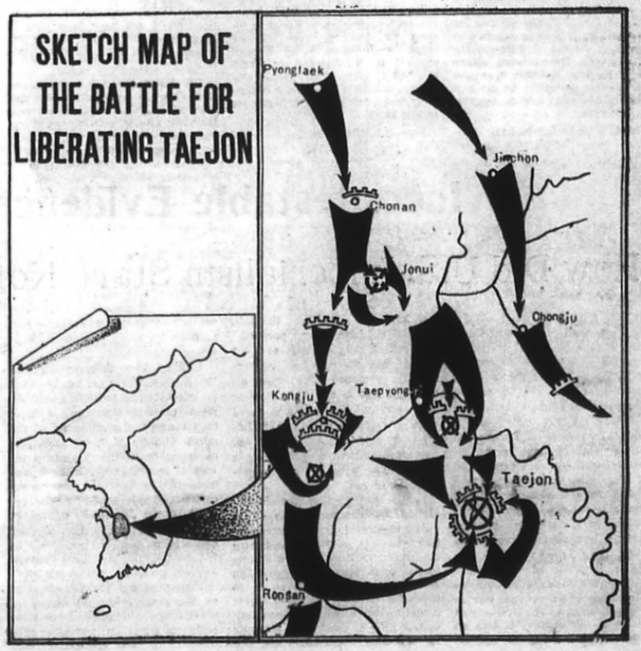
Li Gyong Cha

The valiant Korean People's Army men give a firm pledge to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung that they will crush the U.S. imperialist aggressors at any costs in this land



Left:
The tankmen of the Korean People's Army marching into Seoul amid warm welcome of the Seoul citizens

Right:
In response to the militant call of Supreme Commander Comrade Kim Il Sung the gallant fighters of the People's Army go over to counteroffensives



Appeal to the South Korean People

Dear South Korean people!

Nineteen years have elapsed since the U.S. imperialists unleashed the brigandish war of aggression in Korea on June 25, 1950.

On this occasion, the Korean people are raising higher the flames of their struggle to resolutely smash the frantic manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists for new war provocation, drive the U.S. imperialist aggressor army out of South Korea and realize the independent, peaceful unification of the country.

Having ignited the war of aggression against the Korean people 19 years ago, the U.S. imperialists hurled in the main strength of their ground, naval and air forces plus the mercenaries of 15 of their satellite countries and staged the most barbarous war of carnage without precedent in the war history in an effort to subdue our young Republic.

But the enemy miscalculated.

Under the preeminent leadership of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, the Korean people fought like a phoenix, inflicted an ignominious defeat upon the U.S. imperialist aggressors and won a great victory.

Thus, our people exploded the myth about the "mightiness" of the U.S. imperialists for the first time in history and started them going headlong towards ruin on a world-wide scale.

At that time the U.S. imperialists should have drawn a lesson from their ignominious defeat and pulled out of South Korea without delay, taking with them all their aggressive armed forces.

The U.S. imperialists, however, still entrenched in South Korea, have incessantly pursued the policy of war and aggression, while enforcing the vicious colonial rule.

In the past 16 years following the armistice, scarcely a day has passed in South Korea without the crimes of the U.S. imperialists who have been raising powder-reeking war clamours, subordinating all the manpower and material resources to their war policy in an attempt to ignite another war of aggression in Korea.

The U.S. imperialists have reinforced their aggressive armed forces and puppet army in a big way in South Korea, brought in weapons of mass destruction such as tactical nuclear weapons and guided missiles in large quantities, newly built or expanded their military establishments everywhere and intensified the "war preparedness" throughout South Korea.

In order to make a more effective use of South Korea for their aggression on the whole Korea and Asia, they rigged up the criminal "South Korea-Japan talks" and cleared the way for the Japanese militarists to reinvade South Korea and have frequently staged "joint military exercises" with them in a simulated atmosphere of an aggressive Korean war.

Particularly of late, the U.S. imperialists are running amuck to directly unleash the aggressive war against the Korean people, kicking up a war racket more frenziedly on the plea of the incidents of the armed spy ship "Pueblo" and the large spy plane which they themselves caused.

Talking about the "military retaliation," they have sent their naval fleet and aircraft of the "largest scale in history" to the areas around our country and are committing hostile military provocations against the northern half of the Republic on a larger scale in the areas along the Military Demarcation Line.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors have gone the length of scheming to transfer even the nuclear base in Okinawa of Japan to Cheju Island of our country and are in active preparation to this end.

They have kept South Korea on a constant "emergency alert," enlisted all those ranging from the teen-agers to the aged in the "local reserve corps" and forced them to undergo aggressive "military training." This also shows that the enemy's schemes for new war provocation have now reached the highest pitch.

The war bosses of U.S. imperialism frequent South Korea to inspect the frontline and military bases or summon South Korean puppets to Washington to hatch a series of plots. This graphically shows how wild the enemy is running to launch an aggressive war in this land.

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are exercising a vicious military fascist dictatorship in South Korea to further step up their war policy and carrying on sanguinary suppression against the revolutionaries and people more maliciously than ever before.

Thus today a grave situation has been created in our country by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, a situation which bears a close resemblance to that on the eve of June 25, 1950.

In the name of this meeting, we sternly denounce with surging national indignation the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their new war provocation manoeuvres and fascist repression.

The South Korean people today are undergoing immeasurable tribulations and sufferings due to the policy of aggression and war pursued by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

In South Korea the national industry is totally destroyed, the countryside is devastated to the extreme and the people are in utter destitution, floundering in a living hell. All this is precisely a direct outcome of the colonial fascist rule and war policy of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

Had it not been for the policy of aggression and war pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, as a matter of fact, the farmland of yesterday would not have been expropriated for military purposes, the residential quarters of yeasterday would not have turned into barracks of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and the schools of yesterday would not have been reduced to military parade grounds. Had it not been for their colonial fascist rule, the South Korean people would not have been intolerable in their life, entirely devoid of rights and deprived of even the freedom to see, hear and speak, and the genuine patriots who fought for the country and the nation would not have been illegally arrested and imprisoned by the enemy to end their days on gallows.

The South Korean workers are now dragged out to drudge at the enemy's military construction sites to have enough of hard toil on starvation wages less than a quarter of the minimum living cost, while the peasants undergo such a tragedy as leaving their farm villages in groups, robbed of the crops they have gathered in by the sweat of their brows all the year round, in the name of army provisions, and saddled with heavy debts amounting to 30,000-40,000 won. This is likewise due to the very colonial rule and war policy of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

That is precisely why the South Korean people are at present fighting vigorously for existence, democracy and the independent unification of the country against the enemy's colonial fascist rule and war policy.

Looking up to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation and with a firm conviction that they can win only when they fight upholding his great revolutionary ideas, the South Korean revolutionaries and people are waging various forms of stubborn anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle in towns and villages, underground and in mountains, in prisons and at murderous "courts" along the broad avenue illumined by the Leader for the South Korean revolution and the country's unification.

We extend the warmest support and encouragement to all the South Korean revolutionaries and people who are waging a staunch struggle for the democratic development of South Korean society and the independent unification of the country against the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists in defiance of the enemy's fascist suppression.

Dear South Korean people!

As long as the U.S. imperialists occupy South Korea, the danger of war cannot be removed in Korea, nor can the South Korean people extricate themselves from the slough of today's miseries and tribulations.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught: **"The South Korean people should fight more stubbornly to oppose the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism, smash its colonial rule and overthrow its stooges—the landlords, comprador capitalists and reactionary bureaucrats."**

All South Korean people, direct the spearhead of your struggle to the U.S. imperialist aggressors and come out as one in a nation-wide anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle to drive them out of our territory!

Don't give the U.S. imperialists even a grain of rice, a drop of water, and don't let them have any room to set foot!

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are faithful stooges of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and never-to-be-condoned traitors and ferocious fascist hangmen.

Down with the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique!

Resolutely smash the reaggression scheme of the Japanese militarists who are staging a comeback to South Korea with the Pak Jung Hi pupet clique as a guide with the backing of U.S. imperialism!

The war psychosis of the U.S. imperialists and their hangers-on to throw our people again into the scourge of war has reached its zenith.

Check and foil their new war provocation manoeuvres at every step!

Reject the pressganging into the puppet army and all manner of military extortion and fight determinedly against the construction of military bases and projects of military roads!

Upset the enemy's production and transport of war materials and actively fight to take back the farmland expropriated for military use and the food grain requisitioned for army provisions!

Officers and men of the South Korean puppet army, oppose your life as the mercenaries of the U.S. imperialists, disobey all their combat orders and point your guns at the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique!

The so-called "local reserve corps" of South Korea serves as a cannon fodder for the U.S. imperialists' war of aggression and an instrument for the suppression of the revolutionaries and people.

South Korean youth and middle-aged and other people, don't join the anti-popular "local reserve corps" which commits crimes before the country and the people, and don't take part in the "mil-

(Continued on Page 11)

Incontestable Evidence

How Did U.S. Imperialism Start Korean War?

In his report delivered at the Fifth Plenum of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea held in 1952 Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"To seek the way out of such a crisis of the capitalist system the U.S. imperialists have embarked upon preparations for a new world war. For this purpose, they are carrying on a frantic arms drive, militarizing the economy of dependent countries, stirring up war psychosis, intensifying propaganda against the Soviet Union, the People's Republic of China and other people's democratic countries and running wild to provoke war in any possible area. The U.S. armed invasion of our country is also an outcome of the policy of aggression and war ignition the U.S. imperialists have long pursued." (Selected Works, Vol. i, p. 356.)

Now that the policy of aggression they mapped out in an attempt to realize world domination after World War II was faced with general collapse, the U.S. imperialist invaders entered on an adventurous road of provoking a Korean war with a view to getting rid of such a quag.

In the Korean war the American imperialists aimed to strangulate the revolutionary forces rapidly growing in Korea and turn the whole of Korea into a colony and a springboard for aggression on the Asian continent so as to check the national-liberation movement in Asia which had been converted into a theatre of struggle for smashing imperialism and colonialism after the world war and prop up the tottering colonial system of imperialism.

Another aim they pursued in the Korean war was: aggravation of international tension, establishment of war structure in their own country, strengthening of the north Atlantic bloc, militarization of economy in the countries involved in this bloc, the rearmament of the west German revanchists and promotion of the revival of the Japanese militarists and further intensification of their domination over the countries in the Middle and Near East through military pressure on this region.

They regarded the Korean war as the most effective means of preventing imminent large-scale economic crisis and providing millionaries of U.S. imperialism with maximum profits.

With such vicious purpose and expectations, the American imperialists hurled enormous manpower and materiel into this war.

Even according to the official data, the U.S. imperialists dragged in the war the three services of their armed forces, armies of 15 satellite countries and the puppet army, more than 2 million in all.

They spent over 73 million tons of war supplies or eleven times those consumed during the Pacific War, and fully mobilized the latest weapons.

It is clear to everyone that such a large-scale war could not be prepared in a day or two.

A great number of data and materials showing how long the American imperialists prepared for an aggressive war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have already been exposed before the world people.

We introduce here some data and materials the enemy released or the Korean People's Army captured from the enemy's secret archives during the liberation of Seoul.

Korea Is Key to Asia

The U.S. imperialists who occupied Japan and South Korea after the last world war attached great importance to the military and strategic position of Korea which would serve as a military bridgehead for aggression on the Asian continent.

In his letter addressed to Truman in April, 1946 Pauler, special adviser on reparation affairs to U.S. President, suggested a programme for dominating the whole of Korea, saying: Korea, small country as she is, is the theatre of ideological war which can decide all of our success in Asia.

Journal American (October 30, 1947) reported that Korea is the object of "joint consideration for Staff of the United States Army and Naval Operations" as the most important "advance strategic base" from which the United States can attack any area of north Asia.

MacArthur said:

(Continued on Page 11)

(Continued from Page 10)

itary exercises" and suppression of the people forced upon you by the enemy!

Fight more vigorously to shatter the rigorous military fascist repression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and win democratic freedom and rights!

The revolutionaries now arrested and jailed unwarrantably by the enemy are truly patriotic fighters who fought for the freedom and liberation of the entire working class and peasantry and other sections of people in South Korea.

All South Korean people, unfold a powerful joint struggle for the unconditional and immediate release of all the arrested and detained revolutionaries and patriots!

Expose and smash the scheme of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for the "revision of the constitution for the third election" aimed at achieving their wild ambition of long-term "assumption of power" under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists, and put up a more active struggle for this purpose and sweep away the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique!

The question of power is a most fundamental problem in revolution. Fight to overthrow by revolutionary violence U.S. imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet regime, a tool for its colonial rule, and establish a genuine people's power defending the interests of the workers, peasants and all other strata of people!

The unification of the country is the supreme task of our nation.

The peaceful unification of the country is inconceivable while the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are left in existence.

South Korean people, actively fight to accomplish the cause of the country's peaceful unification by our people themselves after driving out the U.S. imperialist aggresors and wiping out their stooges!

In order to emerge victorious in all these struggles, the South Korean people must arm themselves with the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung are a steadfast idea of *Juche* run through with the principle of independence in politics, self-sustenance in the economy and self-defence in national defence, a great idea leading the Korean revolution along the shortest way of victory and illumining the path ahead of the South Korean revolution and the country's unification and a brilliant idea making a great contribution to the development of the international communist movement and the world revolution at the present time.

All South Korean people, arm yourselves firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and fight on vigorously, rallied close around him and along the broad avenue lit up by the Leader for the South Korean revolution and the unification of the country!

The present general situation is developing further in favour of our revolutionary cause.

It is the main trend of our times that socialism triumphs and imperialism, U.S. imperialism in particular, falls.

The U.S. imperialists are now making desperate efforts to tide over their impending ruin by igniting a war.

If the U.S. imperialists unleash an aggressive war again in Korea, they will only get nothing but corpses and death therefrom.

Our heroic people will return retaliation for the "retaliation" of the enemy, all-out war for all-out war, and will surely wipe them out to the last man in our land and take revenge on them, the more than a hundred years old implacable enemy.

The revolutionary cause of our people is ever-victorious and U.S. imperialism is destined to ruin.

South Korean people, fight on more stubbornly and more courageously with a firm confidence in victory to hasten the day of victory for the South Korean revolution and the unification of the country!

As long as there are for the South Korean peolpe the wise leadership of the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people Comrade Kim Il Sung, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, and the powerful revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic and the active support and encouragement of its people, their struggle will certainly be crowned with victory.

Pyongyang City Mass Rally on the "Day of Struggle for Immediate Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops from South Korea"

June 24, 1969

S. Korean Students' Struggle against Long-term "Assumption of Power" Scheme of Puppet Pak Jung Hi Clique Gains in Scope

Enjoying the active support and encouragement of various social circles of the population, the mass struggle of the South Korean youth and students is swiftly gaining in scope to frustrate the intrigue of the puppet Pak Jung Hi band to remain in "power" for a long term under the manipulation of their master U.S. imperialists, according to reports from South Korea.

Students of Yonse University Rise up in a Struggle

In keeping with the bold advance of students of Seoul and Koryo Universities, at 11:00, June 20, more than 700 students of Yonse University in Seoul gathered for a meeting to scathingly denounce the foul intrigue of the puppet Pak Jung Hi clique to remain in "power" for a long term. The meeting adopted a resolution strongly demanding immediate stoppage of the projected "revision of the constitution for the third election" and manifesting their determination to fight to the end.

Students of Kyonghi University Hold Denunciation Rally

On the morning of June 23 over 800 students of Kyonghi University held a general meeting, at which they read out "the first declaration for overcoming emergency situation" and exposed the criminal acts and the long-term "office" scheme of the Pak Jung Hi puppet gangsters.

At the rally they expressed firm solidarity with the fighting colleagues at various universities in Seoul and declared that they would also valiantly fight to the last.

It was reported that the rally might develop into a large-scale demonstration.

Students of Liberal Arts and Sciences College Rise up again and Adopt a Letter Appealing to Entire South Korean Students to Come out in Joint Struggle

Students of Liberal Arts and Sciences College under Seoul University held a rally on June 23 in the wake of their denunciation rally held on the 17th to frustrate the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's move for remaining in "power" for a long term.

At the rally they unanimously adopted a "declaration of struggle" proclaiming their firm determination to foil without fail the scoundrels' shameless plot to realize their long-term "office".

They also adopted a letter calling upon the entire South Korean youth and students with national conscience and patriotism to come out as one in the just struggle for smashing the enemy's move and thus demonstrate once again their unyielding stamina.

Students of Kyongbuk University Stage Demonstration

According to a report from Taegu, following the struggle of Seoul colleagues, on June 23 students of Law and Politics College under Kyongbuk University had a meeting for similar aims. After the meeting, at 10:30 they staged a demonstration shouting the slogans: "We oppose revision of the constitution for the third election!" and "We are against inspection of schools!"

From then onwards a wave of denunciation swept the whole land of South Korea.

Over 400 Workers of Samhung Woolen Stock Company in Taegu, South Korea, on Strike

Over 400 workers of the Samhung woolen stock company in Taegu, North Kyongsang Province, South Korea, called on June 23 a strike in demand of the payment of back wages, according to a South Korean news agency report.

These workers who are forced to medieval toil, undergoing ruthless exploitation and oppression under the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists and the fascist terror dictatorship of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, a running dog of U.S. imperialism, had been engaged in a labour dispute since April, demanding the payment of back wages and retirement allowances.

When their just demand was not met in the labour dispute, they launched a strike, demonstrating the united strength of the working class.

Today when the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, their running dog, hell bent on the provocation of a criminal war of aggression, are further intensifying exploitation and fascist suppression of the working class, broad sections of South Korean workers are waging an ever stauncher struggle for the right to existence and democracy.

The strike of the workers of the Samhung woolen stock company in Taegu is part of such struggles of the South Korean workers.

The strikers are showing a stubborn fighting spirit to struggle till their demand is carried through.

Armed Youths Raid Again "Embassy" of S. Korean Puppet Clique in Argentina

Patriotic youths of Argentina on June 17 again raided the "embassy" of the South Korean puppet clique in Buenos Aires, according to a report from Buenos Aires.

In early morning, the armed youths machinegunned the building of the "embassy" of the South Korean puppet gang, riding in a car.

This was the second armed attack on the "embassy" of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, despicable puppets of the U.S. imperialists, in a little more than one month. This struck terror into the hearts of the rascals inside the building and inflicted a heavy wound upon a policeman who was on sentry there.

As already reported, early in May members of a youth organization of Argentina, enraged at the participation of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in the aggressive war of bestially murdering the Vietnamese people at the dictates of the U.S. imperialists, threw a bomb into the puppet "embassy," destroying many of its facilities.

(KCNA)

(Continued from Page 10)

"By occupying all of Korea, we could control the whole area between Vladivostok and Singapore... Nothing would then be beyond the reach of our power." (**The New York Times**, September 25, 1950.)

Here is Confidential Document OIR Report, No. 4849 dated January 28, 1949 which reads in part:

"...Because of Korea's geographic position in Northeastern Asia, control over Korea and over the minds of its people is advantageous to any power with Far Eastern interests. Whether or not it is considered essential to the United States as a military base, the peninsula would be of value to a potential enemy and the effect of its possession under such circumstances on the American position in Japan would be considerable..."

"It is also an American desire to secure through a stable and friendly government in Korea a partial stabilization of the Far East, and to offset, by success in Korea, diplomatic reverses suffered elsewhere in Asia.,"

From the first days of their occupation of South Korea the U.S. imperialists were in a frenzy to make preparations for a war in order to realize such a wild dream.

In South Korea war preparations by the U.S. imperialists passed through roughly two stages:

In the first stage, the basis for an aggressive war would be laid with the "military government" as a lever and in the second stage, war preparations further promoted with the South Korean puppet government as a tool and then war launched.

Here they attached great importance to the building up of the puppet army.

Augmentation of Cannon Fodder

The American imperialists spent huge sum of dollars to bring up and reinforce the puppet army with a view to converting South Korea not only into a mere regional base for military invasion but also into a supplier of cheap cannon fodder for an aggressive war against the northern half of the Republic by mobilizing its manpower.

The U.S. Army paper, **Stars and Stripes**, openly clamoured that a well-equipped army 100,000-strong would be needed for occupation of North Korea.

The reinforcement of the puppet army was stepped up: the U.S. imperialists reorganized the "National Defence Guards" and "Coastal Guards" which had been formed during the period of the "military government" into the "National Defence Army" on August 31, 1948, and remarkably increased their military "aid" to South Korea.

Even according to their official data, in the year of 1949 alone the U.S. imperialists gave South Korea weapons worth 190 million dollars. In June, 1949 they bade their puppets to issue a law for compulsory military service designed to enlarge the numerical strength of the puppet army to 400,000. In the meantime, they promised to increase military "aid." (Report of the U.N. Commission on Korea, Vol. I.)

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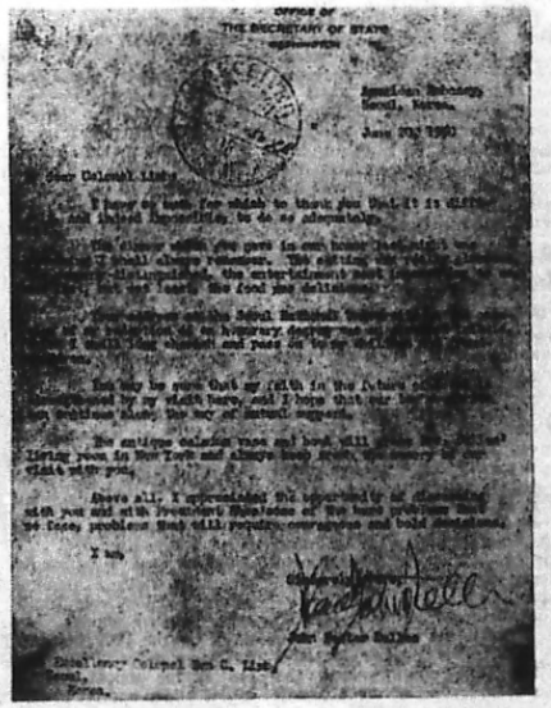
In his confidential letter of June 20, 1950, addressed to the "Foreign Minister" of the puppet government, John Foster Dulles wrote: "Some of the hard problems that we face" are "problems that will require courageous and bold decisions." (This letter was captured by the Korean People's Army during its liberation of Seoul after it went over to counter-attack)



World People Express Solidarity with Korean People in Their Struggle for Withdrawing U.S. Imperialists from South Korea and Unifying Their Country

Executive Secretariat of OSPAAAL Issues Statement

The Executive Secretariat of the Organization of Solidarity of Peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America in Havana, issued a statement on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea (June 25-July 27), according to a report from Havana.

Pointing out that on June 25, 1950, 19 years ago, the U.S. imperialists provoked a war of aggression against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the statement wrote:

Under the outstanding leadership of the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people Marshal Kim Il Sung the Korean people and the heroic People's Army that inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors who boasted of being the "strongest" in the world and started them going downhill by displaying mass heroism and matchless valour in the three year hard-fought Fatherland Liberation War and thus gallantly safeguarded the independence and revolutionary gains and made a great contribution to the struggle for peace in Asia and the world.

This historic victory won by the Korean people instilled conviction of final victory into all peoples fighting for the independence and freedom of their countries and inspired their struggle more forcefully.

Sixteen years have already passed since the armistice was realized in Korea. However, owing to the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists, Korea remains divided into the North and South and the unification of the country, the aspiration of the Korean nation, has not yet been realized.

The statement pointed out that the Korean people are suffering from the hardships caused by national split and South Korea has been turned into a hell on the earth where terror and murder, famine and poverty prevail, owing to the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism.

Referring to the fact that recently the "EC-121" spy plane of U.S. imperialism was smashed to pieces by fighters of the Korean People's Army while conducting espionage activities after intruding deep into the territorial air of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the statement stressed: This action of the Korean People's Army is a self-defensive measure for defending the security of the country from the aggression of U.S. imperialism and an entirely just act which fully accords with international law.

The fact that the U.S. imperialists have been clinging to ever more frantic war provocation manoeuvres in South Korea since the "Pueblo" incident evidently shows how desperately the scoundrels are trying to find a way out of the crisis of the colonial rule shaking to its very foundation in South Korea.

The statement continued:

Firstly, the Executive Secretariat of the Tri-continental People's Solidarity Organization resolutely denounces these new war provocation manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism as open aggressive acts against the Korean people and a grave challenge to the peoples of Asia and the world.

Secondly, the Executive Secretariat considers that the occupation of South Korea by U.S. imperialism and its colonial policy of enslavement are the root cause of the aggravation of the tension in Korea and all the misfortunes and sufferings of the South Korean people, and the basic obstacle to the unification of Korea. The U.S. imperialists occupying South Korea under the signboard of the U.N. flag must quit South Korea at once taking with them all their lethal weapons.

Thirdly, U.S. imperialism is using the U.N. as a tool for aggression against Korea. The U.N. has no right whatever to meddle in the Korean question. The "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" has no legal right whatsoever to interfere in the Korean question. The U.N., therefore, must repeal at once all the "resolutions" on the "Korean question" adopted under the coercion of U.S. imperialism and dissolve immediately the so-called "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea."

Fourthly, the Executive Secretariat fully supports the just struggle of the Korean people for unifying the fatherland by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles and in a peaceful way free from any outside interference after the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea.

Fifthly, the Executive Secretariat expresses active support to and militant solidarity with the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of Kim Jong Tae and other South Korean revolutionaries and patriots who are valiantly fighting for liquidating the harsh fascist terror rule of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges in South Korea, ensuring the democratic development of South Korean society and achieving the independent unification of the country.

The statement stressed in conclusion:

The Executive Secretariat earnestly calls upon its member organizations and revolutionary and progressive organizations and peoples of the world to launch a struggle against U.S. imperialism in all parts of the world and widely organize and unfold various forms of mass movements supporting the just struggle of the Korean people, on the occasion of the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea (June 25-July 27). **(KCNA)**

Presidential Council of World Peace Council Issues Appeal

The Presidential Council of the World Peace Council at its meeting some time ago issued an appeal on Korea addressed to the world peace-loving people and organizations.

The appeal pointed out:

The Presidential Council of the World Peace Council once again calls upon all the national committees of the World Peace Council to arrange every year the month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea from June 25, the day when the U.S. imperialists provoked a war in Korea, to July 27, the day when the armistice was realized, according to the Nicosia decision.

The Presidential Council also appealed to all the national committees to extend active support and encouragement to the Korean people who are waging a just struggle for realizing the unification of the country in a democratic, peaceful and independent way, while defending peace in Asia and the world, and to expose and denounce the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war in Korea and their criminal acts.

The appeal strongly denounced the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their new war provocation manoeuvres and stressed that the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists is the main obstacle to the unification of Korea.

The aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists in Korea menace peace in Asia and the world, the appeal pointed out.

It called upon all the peace and justice-loving organizations and peoples to struggle to force the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops to withdraw from South Korea which they are occupying under the cloak of the United Nations, prevent the U.N. from being used as a tool of the U.S. imperialists for aggression on Korea, cancel all the "resolutions" on the "Korean question" illegally adopted by the U.N., dissolve the "U.N. Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," an aggressive tool of the U.S. imperialists, and to prevent the Korean question from being placed anymore on the agenda of the U.N. General Assembly.

The appeal demanded the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to discontinue their fascist suppression of the South Korean patriots and release at once and unconditionally the illegally arrested and imprisoned patriots. It called upon the peace-loving peoples and organizations of the world:

To demand the Japanese militarists to stop the aggression on South Korea and Asia they are committing in conspiracy with the United States, abrogate the "South Korea-Japan Treaty," discontinue all the atrocities and acts of suppression against the Korean citizens in Japan, duly treat the Korean citizens in Japan as overseas citizens of a sovereign state and, at the same time, protect them by law and immediately resume their repatriation.

In the meantime, in its letter addressed to the national peace committee of each country recently along with this appeal the Presidential Council of the World Peace Council pointed out that the U.S. imperialists' incessant military provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea threaten peace and security in this area and stressed that it is very important to stir up world public opinion in view of the grave situation in Korea.

The letter appealed to the national peace committees to hold mass rallies and various other events in their respective countries to express active solidarity with the Korean people in the struggle for opposing the American imperialists' military provocations and forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops to withdraw from South Korea during the month of the anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression army from South Korea.

(KCNA)

(Continued from Page 11)

Thus, thoroughgoing war preparations for invasion of the northern half of the Republic were made.

In October, 1949 on board an American imperialist warship anchored at Inchon puppet Syngman Rhee bragged: "We could take Pyongyang in three days. Our troops are ready to drive into North Korea." **(The New York Herald Tribune,** October 22, 1949.)

Redeployment of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Forces in the Far East

The year of 1950 rolled in and preparations for a war were vigorously pushed forward still further.

On the basis of the plan mapped out by the Department of State and the Department of Defence, between the end of January and the beginning of February, 1950 Bradley, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, and Vandenberg, Chief of Staff, U.S. Air Force, came to Japan and Secretary of Defence Royall flew into South Korea.

The bellicose maniacs of the U.S. Department of Defence who flew into Tokyo convened a secret meeting. They reorganized the chain of command of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in the Far East to fit in with the implementation of the policy of invading our country and took step to reinforce armed forces to this end. In accordance with this step a unified command of the U.S. ground and naval forces in the Far East was formed and thus the naval forces on the Far East waters were put under the MacArthur's Command. In the early part of 1950, the U.S. 7th Fleet received additional men-of-war: 2 aircraft carriers, 2 cruisers and 6 destroyers. During the same period, 3 wings of B-26s and B-29s, 6 wings of pursuiters and 2 wings of transport planes were added to the bases of the U.S. air force in Japan. Four U.S. infantry divisions under the U.S. 8th Army were reinforced with artillery, transport and other detached forces. These units were put in fighting trim to be mobilized at any time to the war of aggression in Korea.

Now preparations were complete for a war in Korea.

From June 9, 1950 the areas along the 38th Parallel and the whole territory of South Korea were placed under emergency alert. On the 11th this was followed by an order of the "headquarters" of the puppet army on placing it under special alert. And on the 13th semi-martial law was proclaimed.

War-monger Dulles Inspects 38th Parallel

Dulles came to South Korea with a mission of putting a fuze to war.

After inspecting the 38th Parallel on June 18 he raved before the South Korean puppet troops:

"... No adversary, not even the strongest can oppose you. The time is not far off when you will be able to display your strength." **(The New York Times,** June 18, 1950.)

He not only instructed the South Korean puppets to unleash a war but also told the commanding personnel of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea and the puppet clique how to shift the blame of war provocation on to our side.

According to the August 1953 issue of the Japanese monthly **Kaizo,** Dulles said:

"Start the invasion against the North accompanied by counter-propaganda on the grounds that the North has invaded first the South. If you can but hold out for two weeks, everything will go smoothly, for during this period the United States, by accusing North Korea of attacking first South Korea, will compel the United Nations to take action. And in the name of the United Nations, land, naval and air forces will be mobilized."

Here are also some data more concretely and concentrically showing the plot of the U.S. imperialist invaders to utilize the United Nations in launching the Korean war.

Answering the question "Had the State Department made full preparations before the Korean war?" raised by Senator Ferguson at Senate hearings of the U.S. Senate Appropriations Committee, John Hickerson, the then U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for the U.N. Affairs, said: "U.S. diplomats played a big role no less than generals in preparing the attack against the North."

Upon request for a detail answer, he stated:

"The resolution on the Korean question of the United Nations was long prepared minutely by the State Department before the start of the Korean incident." (Japanese book **Zaibatsu.**)

Like this, the American imperialist aggressive war against Korea was minutely and systematically planned.

The July 15, 1950 issue of the U.S. imperialists-patronaged magazine **Life** wrote: "Never before in our history have we been so nearly prepared at the start of any war as we were at the start of this war." (This war means the Korean war—Ed.)

Outbreak of War

On June 20, on the eve of his departure from South Korea, Dulles wrote two letters fraught with war ignition.

One of them was addressed to the South Korean puppet "foreign minister." Dulles wrote:

"... I appreciated the opportunity of discussing... some of the hard problems that we face, problems that will require courageous and bold decisions."

In the other letter sent to traitor Syngman Rhee, Dulles wrote:

"I attach great importance to the decisive role which your country can play in the great drama that is unfolding."

The whole world knows well what did the "problems that will require courageous and bold decisions" and the "great drama that is unfolding" stand for.

After returning to Japan, Dulles had a lengthy talk with MacArthur on June 22, 1950. After the talk, this war-monger declared before men of the press that the United

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"We Strongly Condemn Once Again U.S. Imperialists for Their Plot to Ignite Another Aggressive War against Korean People"

World Public Continue to Slate U.S. Imperialists' New, Grave Military Provocations against Korean People

More and more countries support our government statement of April 23 issued in denunciation of the U.S. imperialist aggressors' continued grave military provocations against the Korean people.

Cambodian Foreign Minister's Telegram to Our Foreign Minister

In his recent telegram to our Foreign Minister the Foreign Minister of the Government of the Kingdom of Cambodia pointed out that the Government of the Kingdom of Cambodia expresses deep indignation about the violation by the U.S. imperialist spy plane of the territorial air of Korea on April 15 and continued:

Such hostile provocative acts of the United States are not only an infringement upon the national sovereignty of the independent state but also a menace to peace and security in this area.

The Government of the Kingdom of Cambodia trenchantly condemn the United States for such provocative acts violating international law and the norms of international relations.

The people and the Government of the Kingdom of Cambodia under the guidance of Prince Norodom Sihanouk firmly believe that the just cause of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will win under the wise leadership of Premier Kim Il Sung, the Leader of the Korean nation, and reaffirm their full support to and solidarity with the just struggle of the friendly people and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to defend independence and sovereignty and freedom.

Statement of Cuban Committee for Defence of Revolution

According to a report from Havana the Cuban Committee for the Defence of the Revolution issued a statement denouncing the U.S. imperialists for their new, grave military provocative acts against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The statement stressed:

The Cuban Committee for the Defence of the Revolution and its 500,000 members that know well the U.S. imperialists' aggressive ambition of world domination through our practical experiences strongly condemn once again the U.S. imperialists' new violation of the territorial air of the independent Democratic People's Republic of Korea and their plot to ignite another aggressive war against the Korean people.

We fully support the stand taken by the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people and the People's Army and the statement of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

We reassure our stand to share life and death with the Korean people as long as there remains U.S. imperialism with a firm determination to annihilate the scoundrels as in the Playa Giron battle and the Korean war in which the U.S. imperialists were defeated, and reaffirm our firm solidarity.

Statement of Central Committee of Communist Party of Canada

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Canada issued recently a statement condemning the U.S. imperialists who are running wild to unleash a new aggressive war in Korea.

The statement stressed that the U.S. imperialists draw, no doubt, no lessons from the incidents of the "Pueblo" and the spy plane and are committing continued provocative acts by sending their warships into the coastal waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. It said that the U.S. imperialists' illegal violation of the territory and sovereignty of other countries and the occupation of South Korea by their aggressor troops constitute a menace to peace.

And the statement strongly demanded that the U.S. imperialists unconditionally observe the Korean Armistice Agreement and stop their provocative acts against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Statement of Executive Secretariat of Tri-continental People's Solidarity Organization

In its statement the Executive Secretariat of the Tri-continental People's Solidarity Organization noted that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are creating an extremely grave situation declaring that they would continue their reconnaissance and espionage flights against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and went on:

Such war racket of the U.S. imperialist aggressors is a grave aggressive act against the Korean people, a sinister machination to unleash another war in Korea and an outright challenge to the people of the whole world.

The statement expressed full support for the April 23 statement of the D.P.R.K. Government and continued:

The Executive Secretariat of the Tri-continental People's Solidarity Organization calls upon the revolutionary and progressive organisations of the three continents and the people all over the world to scathingly condemn the U.S. imperialists for their hostile acts and new war machinations against Korea and to express more militant solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle to defend the security of their country and realize the independent unification of their country.

Joint Statement of Delegations of 13 Countries That Attended Fourth Congress of National Students' League of Syria

Recently the Fourth Congress of the National Students' League of Syria was held in Damascus.

The delegations of students' organizations of 13 countries which attended the congress — the Youth Organisation of the Algerian National Liberation Front, the General Federation of Palestinian Students, the Federation of the Black African Students in France, the National Students' League of Kuwait, the General Union of Yemeni Students, the General Union of Jordan Students, the Islamic Students' Association of North Africa in France, the General Federation of Eritrean Students, the General Federation of Libyan Students, the General Union of Laotian Students, the National Students' League of France, the Students' Union under the Proletarian United Socialist Party of Italy and the General Association of Guadeloupe Students—issued a joint statement denouncing the U.S. imperialists for their new, grave war machinations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

It said:

An extremely grave tension has been created in Korea by which another war may break out at any time. The U.S. imperialists are raving about a "retaliation" by force for the downing of their spy plane reversing black and white. The tension in Korea is entirely attributable to the U.S. imperialist aggressors' occupation of South Korea and their aggressive acts.

The delegations of the 13 countries fully supported the April 23 statement of the D.P.R.K. Government and said:

Should the U.S. imperialist aggressors dare to start a new war against the Korean people in defiance of the warnings of the Korean people and the progressive people and students of the whole world and the historical lessons of the bitter, shameful defeat they suffered in the last Korean war, they will sustain the final defeat before the valiant struggle of the heroic Korean people and students under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

The joint statement demanded the U.S. imperialist aggressors to stop at once their criminal new war machinations in Korea and immediately withdraw from South Korea taking with them all their lethal weapons.

Statement of Permanent Secretariat of Afro-Asian Lawyers' Association

The Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Lawyers' Association in its statement said that the U.S. imperialists seek to place under their colonial rule the northern half of Korea, running wild to get out of the impasse by expanding their aggressive war in Vietnam. The statement stressed that the Korean people will knock down the U.S. imperialists and liberate South Korea.

Statement of Federation of All-African Workers' Trade Unions

According to a report from Dares-Salaam, the Federation of All-African Workers' Trade Unions issued a statement in denunciation of the U.S. imperialists' new war machinations in Korea.

The statement emphasized that the announcement by the U.S. government of their design to continue provocations against the Korean people by carrying on the reconnaissance flight under cover of the fleet based on the sea near the Korean coast is the gravest aggressive act and a clear manifestation of the expansionist policy of the United States.

The statement, in the name of the African workers, expressed support for and solidarity with the Korean workers and called upon the peace-loving people the world over to condemn the U.S. imperialists' "demonstration of force" endangering world peace.

Statement of Federation of Teachers' Trade Unions of Arab

According to a report from Bagdad, the Federation of the Teachers' Trade Unions of Arab issued a statement denouncing the U.S. imperialists' machinations against the Korean people.

The statement said:

It is not an accident but a part of the plot for a new war long planned by the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people that the U.S. imperialists sent their large-size reconnaissance plane deep into the territorial air of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to commit the hostile provocative acts.

The Federation of the Teachers' Trade Unions of Arab fully supported the April 23 statement of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and expressed whole-hearted support for and firm solidarity with the heroic struggle of the Korean people to resolutely defend the gains of the revolution and the country's sovereignty.

The statement pointed out that if the U.S. imperialists ignite recklessly another aggressive war in Korea, it will only accelerate their doom and there will be only corpse and death for them.

Statement Adopted at Fourth Congress of National Students' League of Syria

The recent Fourth Congress of the National Students' League of Syria adopted a statement on the Korean question.

Resolutely condemning the U.S. imperialists the statement said:

The intrusion of the reconnaissance plane of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army into the territorial air of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a part of their planned provocative acts to unleash another war in Korea. This intrusion and their new war racket which became frantic after this intrusion are a grave aggressive action against the Korean people and an open challenge to peace in Asia and the rest of the world.

(Continued from Page 12)

States would take "positive action" to "preserve peace in the Far East." (**The New York Times**, June 22, 1950.)

American journalist Stone wrote: "This was on June 22. The 'positive action' which followed was the outbreak of war in Korea on June 25 and the commitment of the American government was a large-scale intervention against communism in the Pacific area on June 27."

* * *

Van Fleet prattled: "The Korean war was a blessing. There had to be a Korea, either here or somewhere else in the world." (**The New York Times**, January 19, 1952.)

MacArthur confirmed that the aggressive war in Korea would last a few months at the longest.

But things ran counter to the big talk and expectations of the enemy.

Under the wise guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, the outstanding military strategist and the respected and beloved Leader of our people, the Korean people smashed the U.S. imperialist aggressors and safeguarded independence of the country and the revolutionary gains with honour.

The American imperialists sustained a serious defeat in the Korean war, which started them on the downgrade. With the severe wounds they got in the Korean war unhealed, the U.S. imperialists are getting punches one after another from the revolutionary peoples of the world and they have been enmeshed in the hopeless quagmire.

Instead of drawing due lessons from the last war of aggression in Korea, they frantically cling to the policy of unleashing another war in Korea.

The force of our people who humbled the pride of the self-styled "mightiest" American imperialist invaders in the dust and brought them to their knees, has grown stronger incomparably than that time.

As shown in the incidents of the "Pueblo" and the armed spy plane "EC-121", our people will never tolerate any aggressive act of the American imperialist invaders.

If the U.S. imperialists aggravate the situation and ignite another war in Korea despite of our persevering warning, they will then be inflicted upon a more ignominious defeat and swept out of existence from this land.

Kim Gwang Su

Before unleashing the aggressive war in Korea in 1950 U.S. military advisers working out a plan for the "northward expedition" in a trench along the 38th Parallel

U.S. Imperialist Aggressors Are the Inveterate Enemy of Our People

Korean Public Organizations Issue Indictment Complaining before World People against Criminal Acts of U.S. Imperialist Aggressor Troops in South Korea

The Democratic Front for the Unification of the Fatherland, the Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland, the Korean National Peace Committee, the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity, the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, the Korean Democratic Women's Union, the General Federation of Literary and Art Unions of Korea, the Korean Journalists' Union, the Korean Democratic Lawyers' Association, the Korean Democratic Scientists' Association, the Korean Students' Committee and the Korean Red Cross Society made public on June 21 the indictment "To the people of the whole world —on the criminal acts committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea" complaining before the international democratic organizations and democratic public organizations of all countries of the world and peoples of all lands of the world against the unpardonable criminal acts which the U.S. imperialists have committed against the South Korean people, imposing a heinous colonial rule on South Korea, a half of our country which they have been occupying for over two decades.

The indictment divided into four parts exposes, enumerating concrete facts based on investigation data, the bestialities of murder and injury committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea, their thrice-cursed brutal atrocities against South Korean women, all kinds of barbarous assaults and criminal acts in plundering and destroying property of the people.

In the beginning the indictment says:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said that **"All sorts of brutalities committed by the U.S. imperialists in the southern half of our country ever since its liberation have left a most disgraceful page in the aggressive history of modern imperialism."**

The beastly atrocities perpetrated by the U.S. imperialist aggressors in South Korea arouse bitter resentment among the entire Korean people and the honest-minded people of the whole world.

We have already exposed the thrice-cursed criminal acts committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressors in South Korea and complained against them many times before you, the international democratic organizations, democratic public organizations of all countries of the world and the world people.

Each time the international democratic organizations, the democratic public organizations of all countries of the world and the world people fully supported our just complaint, sternly denounced the brutal atrocities of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops against the South Korean people and waged a powerful struggle in demand of the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea.

Today, also, the world people are raising high the voice demanding the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from South Korea and denouncing their criminal outrages.

But the U.S. imperialist aggressors, defying the unanimous denunciation by the entire Korean people and the honest-minded people of the whole world, are still entrenched in South Korea, lording it over there, and are viciously committing all sorts of bestial barbarities against our compatriots, brothers and sisters, such as murder and assault, rape and lynch, destruction and pillage.

Especially in the recent years, such criminal acts have sharply increased and become more odious with each passing day, in step with the intensification of the policies of aggression and war by the U.S. imperialists.

Even according to heavily doctored figures of the South Korean press, the beastly atrocities committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea during the last two years hit the high of more than 3,480 cases.

These never-to-be-condoned criminal barbarities of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea are an intolerable insult and a vicious challenge to the entire Korean people and the world people.

The entire Korean people sternly denounce with surging national resentment the beastly barbarities of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea and bitterly condemn the U.S. imperialists as the most truculent aggressor, most ruthless murderer and most arrant robber and most brazen marauder.

We, the indictment said, pick out part of the barbarities of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops which the South Korean press organs reported, heavily understating them, from June 1967 to May 1969, and once again expose them and complain against them before the international democratic organizations, democratic public organizations of all countries of the world and the world people.

In the first part the indictment exposes the bestialities of murder and injury committed ceaselessly by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, the ferocious wolves in human skin and murderer, who shoot and knife South Korean people right and left to death and kill them by running cars over them everywhere they go, lording it over in South Korea.

Follows part of the data enumerated in the indictment quoting the South Korean papers:

On June 14, 1967, gangsters belonging to the A-Co., 23rd Reg., 2nd Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, madly fired bullets at three villagers collecting scrap iron north of Munsan, Kyonggi Province, taking them as shooting targets, and killed them all on the spot. **(Hapdong Tongshin,** June 15, 1967.)

On June 27, 1967, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army gangsters who were riding in an army car in Daehung-dong rotary, Mapo District, Seoul, ran the car over Bae Jae Ho, a first-year student of the Rimchang evening middle school, who was going home after school, brutally killing him, and ran away. **(Radio Dongyang,** June 27, 1967.)

On the afternoon of June 29, 1967, a rascal named Rinda Kinal (transcribed from Korean) belonging to the 38th Brig. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, ran his army car deliberately into a lorry carrying 30 funeral passengers and threw it into a paddy field upside down, seriously wounding 12 passengers, on the road in Rigok-ri, Buk sub-county, Kapyong county, Kyonggi Province. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun,** June 30, 1967.)

On September 10, 1967, Pfc. Robert Taylor, a rogue belonging to the 55th air force base of the U.S. imperialist aggressor force entrenched in Sinjang-ri, Songtan township, Pyongtaek county, Kyonggi Province, madly fired his pistol for no reason at four Korean youths passing by the barracks, killing instantaneously Kim Byong Gun (23). **(Radio Dongyang,** September 11, 1967.)

Around 22:45 September 16, 1967, a rascal named James Endith (transcribed from Korean) belonging to the 2nd Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, fired his pistol at random for no reason in street No. 3, Hoehyon-dong, Central District, Seoul, critically wounding Choi Jong Sun (20), a first-year student of the Dongdok Women's College who was passing there, and then he broke into a restaurant over 100 metres from there and committed all outrages, again firing the pistol blindly. **(Radio Hanguk Munhwa,** September 18, 1967.)

In daytime October 14, 1967, warrant officer Bander Kock (transcribed from Korean), a beast belonging to the Military Advisory Group of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, flew all of a sudden into the playground of the west primary school in Ryosu, South Cholla Province, in a helicopter, sweeping over 100 children playing there with a gale wind and even destroying a wall of the school and seriously wounded over 40 people including old man Choi Man Jin (67) and over 30 children. **(Hanguk Ilbo,** October 15, 1967.)

At around 13:00 February 21, 1968, rascals belonging to the 802nd Engineer Bn., "K" 6 of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army staged a so-called shooting exercise in Namsan-ri, Paengsong sub-county, Pyongtaek county, Kyonggi Province, opened random fire at village children taking them as shooting targets, inflicting serious wounds on Im Wu Chang in his right eye and on Yu Yong Guk in his abdomen. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun,** February 22, 1968.)

On the afternoon of May 24, 1968 wild beasts belonging to the 43rd engineer unit of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, engaged in a military set-up project in Sindong village, Indong sub-county, Chilgok county, North Kyongsang Province, spotted three children—Jang Byong Wu (14), Jang Byong Jun (12) and Jang Myong Fyo (12)—who were collecting grass roots there, and, after luring them to the site of project, killed them all under the caterpillar wheels of the bulldozer. **(Ryongnam Ilbo,** May 26, 1968.)

On the morning of May 25, 1968, gangsters of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army engaged in a so-called shooting exercise in Hyangyang-ri, Junae sub-county, Paju county, Kyonggi Province, upon spotting Ra Yon Sok, a villager who was out to collect scrap iron, fired a volley at him, choosing him as a shooting target, and killed him on the spot. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun,** May 25, 1968.)

At around 04:00 July 11, 1968, Corp. Eddy Belk (transcribed from Korean), a villain belonging to the headquarters of the Osan air base of the U.S. imperialist aggressor force, while passing riding in a military car the Ryukgyo bridge, Songnam-dong, Kimchon city, North Kyongsang Province, found a boy sleeping under the bridge and deliberately drove the car under the bridge and ran it over to kill him there. The victim Won Jong Dal (15) was polishing shoes in Kimchon city to support his widowed mother and four brothers living in a village. **(Ryongnam Ilbo,** July 13, 1968.)

At around 10:30 July 18, 1968, rogues of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army entrenched in Paju county, Kyonggi Province, fired at Oh Yong Tae (39) residing in Bopwon-ri, Chonhyon sub-county, Paju county, who was passing by, and killed him on the spot. **(Radio Hanguk Munhwa,** July 19, 1968.)

On September 18, 1968, Corp. Clay John N. (transcribed from Korean), a villain belonging to the 6314th unit of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, in Osan, Kyonggi Province, set a military dog at Jong Gun Hwa, a Korean worker hired at the unit, and seriously wounded him, after bullying him on groundless charges. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun,** September 20, 1968.)

On the morning of October 23, 1968, Pfc. Smith Poreel (transcribed from Korean), a beast belonging to the M.P. Co. of the 7th Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army madly fired his carbine at peasant Kim Yong Sik, taking him as a target of shooting exercise, when he was going out to the field for work by a road in Dongduchon-ri, Dongduchon township, Yangju county, Kyonggi Province, putting him in a critical condition. **(Radio Hanguk Munhwa,** October 23, 1968.)

On the afternoon of December 3, 1968, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army beasts who were riding in a jeep on the road in Bongam-ri, Junae sub-county, Paju county, Kyonggi Province, ran over a passer-by named Kim Han Gyu (17) and disappeared after throwing his body covered with blood unnoticed into paddy field to erase the trace of murder. **(Radio Hanguk Munhwa,** December 4, 1968.)

On January 24, 1969, Staff Sergt. Prek (transcribed from Korean), a villain belonging to the 548th hospital of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army while swaggering about with shotgun, madly fired it at a passer-by Li Sang Won, choosing him as a shooting target, and killed him on the spot on the road in Ritaewon-dong No. 2, Ryongsan District, Seoul. **(Radio Hanguk Munhwa,** January 25, 1969.)

On February 22, 1969, five wolves including Staff Sergt. Shuman Nit (transcribed from Korean) belonging to the 3rd air force detachment of the U.S. imperialist aggressor force, who were gadding around in a hill in Kumi township, Sonsan county, North Kyongsang Province, carrying shotguns, fired them point-blank at four twelve-year olds, Kim Yong Su, Son Gyong Chan, Kang Si Jung and Bae Jin Won, upon finding them sitting in the sun on empty stomachs shivering with cold and laid them all down on the ground then and there. **(Kyonghyang Shinmun,** February 24, 1969.)

In its second part the indictment exposes the fact that the beasts of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, the barbarians of the 20th century, stoop to any infamy to satisfy their animal desires and rape women and assault women by turns everywhere in South Korea, regardless of time and place.

Follows part of the instances enumerated in the indictment:

On the evening of June 18, 1967, Corp. Herp James, A., a villain belonging to the 555th Guard Ammunition Co. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, broke into the house of a woman Ryo Dok Wu residing in Suhyang-ri, Songhwan sub-county, Chonwon county, South Chungchong Province, and when she denied his attempt to satisfy his carnal desire, the scoundrel ran away after beating her black and blue, inflicting heavy wounds upon her. **(Donghwa Tongshin,** June 20, 1967.)

On October 21, 1967, Sergt. Samuel Junis (transcribed from Korean), a rascal belonging to the Headquarters of the 1st Army Corps of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army raped a woman Song Ji Ryong in Baegui-ri, Chongsan sub-county, Pochon county, Kyonggi Province, and strangled her and set fire to her room before running away, to erase the trace of his crime. **(Donga Ilbo,** October 27, 1967.)

On the morning of November 5, 1967, Pfc. Eugene Taylor, a knave belonging to the Headquarters Co., 2nd Bn., 31st Reg., 7th Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, intruded into the house of a woman Kim Chun Ja (21) residing in Bukbosan-ri, Dongduchon township, Yangju county, Kyonggi Province, and when she resisted his attempt to rape her, the villain stripped naked this woman in the fourth month of pregnancy and strangled her to death. **(Donga Ilbo,** November 6, 1967.)

At dawn February 28, 1968, Corp. Small Wood (transcribed from Korean), a beast belonging to the Headquarters Co., 19th Logistic Support Command, 8th Army of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, attempted to rape a woman Im Sun Hi (22) residing in Ritaewon-dong, Ryongsan District, Seoul. When she refused, the rascal stripped her naked and brutally strangled her to death with his two hands, covered her body with a quilt and set fire to it before running away. **(Choson Ilbo,** February 29, 1968.)

On the evening of March 9, 1968, beasts of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army entrenched in Paju county, Kyonggi Province, kidnapped a woman named Chae Gil Ja (23) residing in Yonpung-ri, Junae sub-county, Paju county and attempted to violate her. When she resisted, the beasts murdered her in cold blood and disappeared after throwing away her body in front of the checkpoint at the gate of the 72nd Tank-1st Bn., 2nd Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army. **(Donga Ilbo,** March 11, 1968.)

On May 17, 1968, Sergt. 1st class T.D. Simon (transcribed from Korean), a rascal belonging to C.I.D.

(Continued on Page 15)

(Continued from Page 14)

of the U.S. imperialist aggression army, broke into the house of woman Byon Jong Ja residing in Daehung-dong, Taejon, South Chungchong Province, under the pretext of a certain investigation, taking advantage of the absence of her husband who had been dragged to South Vietnam as cannon fodder in the U.S. imperialists' war of aggression, and raped her after anesthetizing her. **(Taejon Ilbo, June 12, 1968.)**

On the night of August 18, 1968, Sergt. Petti, a rascal belonging to the 13th Engineer Bn., 7th Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, intruded into a restaurant in Banchuk-ri, Kwangtan sub-county, Paju county, Kyonggi Province, and attempted to rape a woman named Kim Soh Yong employed there. When she resisted, the scoundrel brought three other beasts of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army and perpetrated for more than one hour a collective violence, savagely kicking and beating over 10 employees, and seriously wounded Li Hye Ja and 6 others. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun, August 22, 1968.)**

At dawn September 6, 1968, Seaman First-class Bonald Philip and Apprentice Seaman Erhart Ronald Jay (both transcribed from Korean), crewmen of the battleship "Kokal" (transcribed from Korean) of the U.S. imperialist aggressor navy, forcibly took away Korean girls Kang Jong Ae (20) and Jong Mi Ryon (20) both residing in Sunggui-dong, Southern District, Inchon city, Kyonggi Province, in a military police patrol car No. 503 of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and tried to rape them in the Obok hotel in the 3rd-ga, Kwang-dong, Central District, Inchon city. When the girls put up a stubborn resistance, Philip fired his revolver at Kang Jong Ae killing her on the spot. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun, September 6, 1968.)**

In the third part the indictment points to the fact that wherever they go the beasts of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops perpetrate all sorts of brutalities, beating and kicking guiltless inhabitants at random, cutting off tongues of people and setting military dogs on people.

Follows only part of the data enumerated in the indictment:

At around midnight July 13, 1967, James, Stophan (transcribed from Korean) and some 40 other beasts belonging to the 728th military police unit of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, picked up a quarrel for no reason at all with two youths and perpetrated group violence against them in Anjong-ri, Paengsong sub-county, Pyongtaek county, Kyonggi Province, and pommelled another villager Oh In Chang without any reason, inflicting heavy wounds upon him, and ran riot, throwing stones at village houses and smashing windows at random. When the indignant villagers lodged a protest, the scoundrels threatened them with pistols and threw stones at them, heavily wounding more than 20 inhabitants. **(Donga Ilbo, July 14, 1967.)**

On September 18, 1967, more than 10 bandits belonging to the "Camp Carol" of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops beat with beer bottles Yu Yong Su and three other high school students and knifed them on a road in Sokjon-dong, Oegwan township, Chilgok county, North Kyongsang Province, for no reason at all, inflicting a slash 2 cm. deep and 3 cm. long on the back of student Yu Yong Su's head. **(Radio Taegu, September 19, 1967.)**

On February 25, 1968, Pfc. Karent (transcribed from Korean), a scoundrel belonging to the 83rd Ordnance and Ammunition Bn. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, beat mercilessly six month pregnant woman Kim Ja Rim for no reason at all in a restaurant in Sinanyang-ri, Anyang township, Sihung county, Kyonggi Province, causing abortion and inflicting heavy wounds all over her body. **(Ryongnam Ilbo, March 3, 1968.)**

On December 5, 1968, Robert Weld (transcribed from Korean), mate of the ship "Victory" of the U.S imperialists which anchored in the Pusan port committed the brutal atrocity of firing a pistol at Korean worker Cha Gun Tae (38) for the mere reason that he wanted to drink water during work and cruelly beat him on the head with the pistol butt, heavily wounding him. **(Radio Pusan Munhwa, December 6, 1968.)**

On January 3, 1969, Sergt. Nodrwey (transcribed from Korean) and another scoundrel of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, broke into the house of Korean woman certain Jang residing in Dongduchon township, Yangju county, Kyonggi Province, and stabbed her face and all other parts of her body with hair-cutting scissors and razor till she fell in a pool of blood, and not satisfied with this, the scoundrels kicked and beat her again, inflicting serious wounds on her. **(Radio Hanguk Munhwa, January 4, 1969.)**

In the fourth part the indictment reveals the brigandish acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the descendants of pirates and bands of robbers, who break into the houses of guiltless inhabitants and shops individually or in groups to loot and destroy properties at random and take away money and other valuables from passers-by by swindling or threatening with bayonets and commit outrages against those who resist the scoundrels' predatory acts.

Follows only part of the data enumerated in the indictment:

On June 23, 1967, Sergt. Robert Said (transcribed from Korean) of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops broke into the house of Kim Yong Ja in Daerung-ri, Chonhyon sub-county, Paju county, Kyonggi Province, and robbed her of clothes and other articles worth over 4,000 won. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun, June 24, 1967.)**

On September 3, 1967, three U.S. imperialist aggressor army scoundrels broke into a restaurant in Oegwan township, Chilgok county, North Kyongsang Province, and beat Korean woman Kang Myong Sun at random, inflicting a heavy wound upon her and robbed her of money. **(Hapdong Tongshin, September 4, 1967.)**

On February 17, 1968, over 10 scoundrels belonging to the 58th Ordnance Co. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops thronged into a beer hall in Sihung-dong No. 115, Yongdungpo District, Seoul, and behaved outrageously demanding wine. The villains beat employees Wu Chun Gi and Jon Dae Jin with beer bottles and chairs, inflicting severe wounds on them and smashing windows and furniture at random. And then they broke into a nearby theatre and smashed its windows and pommelled its manager Kim Chol Su, inflicting a heavy wound upon him. **(Radio Dongyang, February 18, 1968.)**

On February 26, 1968, Charls Elshindolf (transcribed from Korean), Corp. belonging to the Headquarters Co. of the 7th Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, threw a handgrenade into the house of Li Byong Guk in Dongduchon township, Yangju county, Kyonggi Province, destroying the house and furniture. **(Hapdong Tongshin, February 27, 1968.)**

On the night of April 26, 1968, Psc. Richard Spid (transcribed from Korean) belonging to the 1st Bn. of the 31st Infantry Reg., 7th Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, tried to rape Korean woman Jong Suk Hi who gave birth to a child only 10 days before, in Bosan-ri, Dongduchon township, Yangju county, Kyonggi Province. When she resisted, the rascal set fire to her house and ran away. The fire engulfed 12 houses, causing losses amounting to over one million won. An 8-year-old boy Jong Se Yong was burnt to death. **(Radio Dongyang, April 27, 1968.)**

On October 28, 1968, a U.S. imperialist aggressor army bandit together with another American rascal in civilian clothes, entered the "Dongmyongdang watch shop" in Sinchon-dong, Taegu, and demanded its keeper to show a watch and then ran away with it. Fifteen minutes later, they appeared in another watch shop in Chilsong-dong, Taegu, and carried away watches in the same way. **(Ryongnam Ilbo, October 30, 1968.)**

At around 09:40 February 22, 1969, Pfc. Balvow (transcribed from Korean) of the 7th Panzer unit, 2nd Div. of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, set fire to the house of Li Yong Wu in Wunchon-ri, Rimjin sub-county, Paju county, Kyonggi Province, burning down a straw-thatched house and furniture. Damages amounted to over 8,000 won. **(Kyonggi Maeil Shinmun, February 24, 1969.)**

Noting that these atrocities perpetrated by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea are grave criminal acts totally trampling underfoot human conscience and morality and violating even the elementary norms of international law, the indictment says: All facts patently show that the U.S. imperialists are the most ferocious aggressors, most trucculent human butchers and most shameless plunderers against the Korean people and the inveterate enemy with whom our people cannot live under the same sky.

Yet, the U.S. imperialist aggressors shamelessly pretend to be a "friend," a "liberator" of the South Korean people and are craftily scheming to justify their criminal acts by the so-called "South Korea-U.S. Status of Forces Agreement." With nothing, however, can the scoundrels cover up their criminal nature.

The indictment continues:

According to reports of the South Korean press and news agencies, the cases of crimes of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in one year after the "effectuation" of the so-called "South Korea-U.S. Status of Forces Agreement" are six times greater in number than in the previous one year, and in the past two years the so-called "right of jurisdiction" under the "agreement" was exercised only in one case among thousands of cases of atrocities committed by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in the areas of Kyonggi Province with Seoul as the centre and even that case was hushed up on the plea of the "lack of evidence" and the like.

Pointing out that the ever more wanton criminal atrocities of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops in South Korea are a direct product of their intensified policies of war and fascistization, the indictment goes on:

Far from drawing a proper lesson from the "Pueblo" incident last year, the U.S. imperialist aggressors infiltrated a large-size spy plane deep into the territorial air of our country some time ago to perpetrate hostile acts and after it was shot down by the self-defence measure of our People's Army they are extremely aggravating the situation twaddling about some "retaliation" like a thief calling others thief.

On the other hand, the U.S. imperialist aggressors, wirepulling the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, are running wilder in the fascist suppression of the South Korean people to eliminate all the socio-political elements whom they regard as an obstacle to the execution of their policy of war.

The scoundrels have already arrested and imprisoned without any justification a large number of revolutionaries and patriots on charges of involvement in the "case" of the United Revolutionary Party and many other "cases" in South Korea and are committing the heinous criminal act of inflicting death sentence and other heavy penalties upon them by staging murderous "trials" almost every day.

But this is nothing but the last kick of the doomed.

Today the South Korean people are vigorously waging the anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle in various forms in towns and villages, underground and in mountains and even in prison and at murderous "court" to drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea, smash their colonial rule and seize power in their hands and peacefully unify the fatherland with their decisive struggle.

We strongly demand once again that the U.S. imperialist aggressors withdraw from South Korea at once, taking with them all their lethal weapons.

As long as the U.S. imperialist aggressors stay on in South Korea, the Korean people will never cease even for a moment the struggle to sweep away the enemy from our land and will mete out a deserving punishment to the scoundrels for all their crimes committed against our people.

This is the firm determination of the 40 million Korean people who are keeping up the struggle, thoroughly armed with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and rallied as firm as a rock around him.

U.S. imperialism is the most barbarous and most shameless aggressor of modern times and the common enemy of the peoples of the whole world.

Today there is no place on the earth to which U.S. imperialism does not stretch out its tentacles of aggression, and where U.S. imperialism sets foot, the people always shed blood.

As long as there exists U.S. imperialism, the world cannot be in peace nor will aggression and war, slaughter and plunder be brought to an end.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said: **"The peoples of all countries making revolution should tear limbs off the U.S. beast and behead it all over the world."**

When the peoples of all countries of the world direct the spearhead to the U.S. imperialist aggressors and join in mutilating them, they will become impotent and bite the dust in the end.

We are convinced that the international democratic organizations, the democratic public organizations of all countries of the world and the peoples of the whole world who value peace and national liberation, human rights and dignity, will resolutely fight against U.S. imperialism, and strongly demand the unconditional, immediate withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army from South Korea, vehemently denounce the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army in South Korea and express firm solidarity as ever with the sacred struggle of our people for driving out the scoundrels and peacefully unifying the fatherland.

A delegation of the Left Party-Communists of Sweden just arriving at the airport.

Delegation of Left Party-Communists of Sweden Arrives

A delegation of the Left Party-Communists of Sweden arrived in Pyongyang on June 24 by air on a visit to our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The delegation headed by Comrade Benne Lantz, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Left Party-Communists of Sweden and Member of the Central Committee of the Party, consists of Comrade Rolf Hagel, Member of the Central Committee of the Left Party-Communists of Sweden and Chairman of the Gothenburg Provincial Party Committee; and Comrades Gustav Lorenstzon and Arne Svensen, Members of the Central Committee of the Left Party-Communists of Sweden.

The guests were met at the airport by Comrade Pak Sung Chul, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Candidate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; and Choi Jung Guk, director, and Kim Yun Son, vice-director, of a department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

DPRK Government Delegation Calls on President of Republic of Niger

A government delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations, which had visited the Republic of Niger at the invitation of the Government of the Republic of Niger, called on Hamani Diori, President of the Republic of Niger, according to a report from Niamey.

A friendly talk took place between Kim Gyong Ryon, head of the delegation, and President Hamani Diori on the occasion.

(KCNA)

DPRK Government Delegation Calls on President of Upper Volta

A government delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations, paying a friendship visit to the Republic of Upper Volta at the invitation of its government, recently called on Sangoule Lamizana, President of the Republic of Upper Volta, according to a report from Ouagadougou.

A friendly talk proceeded between Kim Gyong Ryon, head of the DPRK government delegation, and President Sangoule Lamizana.

Antdin Dacoule, Minister of Agriculture and Stock-breeding, gave a banquet in honour of the government delegation of our country.

(KCNA)

DPRK Government Delegation Calls on Guinean President

A government delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations, on a visit to the Republic of Guinea called on Sekou Toure, President of the Republic of Guinea, according to a report from Conakry.

Present on the occasion were the Minister for State Affairs, Minister for Economic Affairs, President of the National Assembly and other Ministers of the Cabinet of Guinea.

A friendly talk proceeded between head of the delegation Kim Gyong Ryon and President Sekou Toure.

(KCNA)

Volleyball Game Held

between Amrokgang Women's Team of Our Country and Cuban Women's Combined Team

A friendship game between the Amrokgang women's volleyball team of our country and the Cuban women's combined volleyball team was held in the morning of June 22 at the Pyongyang city gymnasium.

The Cuban team had already friendly games with many teams of our country since its arrival.

Respectfully placed in the gymnasium was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who always leads our people to victory and glory, prosperity and happiness. Slogans "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" were hanging on its either side.

Seeing the game together with working people in the city were Comrade Choi Hyon, and Oh Baek Ryong, General of the Korean People's Army, as well as Vivino Garcia Del Pino, Charge d'Affairs ad Interim, and staff members of the Cuban embassy, Cuban guests now staying in our country and staff members of other foreign embassies in Pyongyang.

The game started with the home team serving the ball first. The players of the two countries fully displayed the fighting spirit and refined and tempered sports skill and physical strength.

A scene of the friendship match between the Korean Amrokgang women's volleyball team and the Cuban women's combined volleyball team

South African People Will Surely Win Freedom and Liberation

On June 26, the "day of freedom of South Africa," the Korean people, together with the progressive people of the whole world who love justice and truth, express militant solidarity with the peoples of South Africa and the rest of the African continent in their struggle for opposing imperialism and colonialism and eliminating racism.

Owing to the criminal apartheid pursued by the Vorster white racist band under the patronage and manipulation of the U.S.-British imperialists, now in South Africa all political activities of Africans are banned, even their elementary freedom is totally denied and their security is seriously threatened.

South Africa has literally turned into a large prison, due to the policy of racial extermination and the inhuman fascist outrages by the Vorster white band.

The Smith racist gang in Southern Rhodesia, too, make no scruple to perpetrate thrice-cursed atrocities against the Zimbabwe people fighting against the white minority rule and for national independence and freedom. They are brutally suppressing and murdering the latter.

The Korean people resolutely denounce with surging indignation the bestial atrocities of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys Vorster and Smith racist gangs against the Africans.

All the fascist outrages by the racists are a direct product of the criminal policy of the U.S.-British imperialists to suppress and stamp out the struggle of the oppressed peoples for national liberation, freedom and independence and to maintain forever their cruel colonial rule.

The American imperialists are now committing racist violent acts in their own country and other parts of the world. They use racism as one of the effective tools for colonial rule and actively promote it. They also instigate their faithful stooges Vorster and Smith racist band to cruelly suppress and strangulate the armed struggle of the peoples of South Africa, Zimbabwe and the rest of Africa for freedom and liberation.

U.S. imperialism is the most barbarous and shameless aggressor of present times, the chieftain of world imperialism and the bulwark of colonialism. It is the ringleader of racism, the culprit blocking the road to freedom and national independence and the most heinous enemy of the world people.

With no brutal racist policy and fascist domination can the American imperialists and their lackeys check the struggle of the peoples of Africa and the rest of the world for freedom and liberation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught:

"Where there is oppression, there always is resistance. It is inevitable that the oppressed peoples should fight for their emancipation." ("Let us intensify the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle," English ed., p. 3.)

The African peoples who well know the true colours of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys through their experience, have risen up with arms under the banner of national liberation against imperialism, the U.S. imperialists in particular, and colonialism and are striking serious blows at the U.S. imperialists and the old colonialists and the Vorster and Smith racist bandits backed by the American imperialists in Angola, Mozambique and Portuguese Guinea and other parts of Africa.

The African peoples are strengthening their solidarity in their anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist, national-liberation struggle.

The people of South Africa who are waging a just struggle enjoying the support and encouragement of their African brothers and the revolutionary people of the world, will surely smash imperialism, colonialism and racism and win freedom and liberation.

Pak Ung Gil

Dangerous Move of U.S. Imperialism to Launch Another War in Korea

According to foreign reports, recently the U.S. Department of Defence stated that tens of thousands of ground, naval and other forces of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army would be additionally dispatched to Okinawa, the mainland of Japan and Hawaii. The U.S. imperialists openly declare that the reinforcement of "strategic reserves" in the Pacific area aims to "get fully prepared against the emergency situation in Korea and other regions of the Far East."

This reveals the deceptive and vicious nature of the cunning "peace" coax of the war-maniac Nixon clique in their aggressive war in Vietnam. And it glaringly shows how desperately they run wild to ignite another aggressive war in Asia, above all, in Korea.

To cover up their aggressive war escalation in Vietnam, the American imperialists prattle that they will "withdraw" a meagre number of their aggressive troops from South Vietnam. But the recent statement of the U.S. Department of Defence exposes that the "withdrawal" mouthed by the U.S. imperialists is a crafty and wicked trick.

That the belligerent Nixon clique's manoeuvre for increasing "strategic reserves" in the Pacific area is closely connected with their plot for a new aggressive war in Korea is proved by another fact that the puppet Pak Jung Hi clique are begging their master to "build up the 'task force' to be mobilized to any area of Asia."

Since the U.S. imperialists have infiltrated a large-size spy plane into the territorial air of our country in broad daylight to conduct hostile acts, their new war scheme in Korea has reached a reckless, frenzied stage.

Sometime ago Nixon even called back Bonesteel, commander of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army in South Korea, to map out a concrete "emergency plan" for war provocation. These two warmongers had repeated secret talks to discuss about "South Korea's tension centering around the cease-fire line, reinforcement of the South Korean army and strengthening of the battle position of the U.S. troops in South Korea" and so on. Nixon put forward "his programme for another great incident that may occur in Korea." The "programme" is designed to commit a brigandish military provocation and, with this as an occasion, to launch an allout war in Korea.

The U.S. imperialists are also madly pushing ahead with the plan to drag the Japanese militarist forces in their plot of Korean war. In May the villainous chairman of the Japanese joint chiefs of staff flew into South Korea on order of the U.S. imperialists and discussed the "problem of defence of South Korea and Japan" with the South Korean puppet gangsters. And on June 10 the "chief of staff of the ground force of the Japanese self-defence agency" came to South Korea. He had a series of secret confabs with the puppet Pak Jung Hi clique on the "joint plan of operations" to step up the American imperialists' war provocation.

In keeping with the U.S. imperialists' intensified war provocation manoeuvre the Japanese militarists openly clamour that the "Japanese self-defence forces" will participate in the aggressive war in Korea as "a member of the U.N. forces."

As seen above, it is crystal-clear that the recent moves of U.S. imperialism for reinforcing "strategic reserves" in the Pacific area is an important link in the chain of its frantic preparations for another aggressive war and a very grave provocative machination.

All these frenzied war manoeuvres of the American imperialists are a desperate move to save their doom. But no desperate effort will help them escape the doom already sealed.

If the U.S. imperialists dare to unleash another war, our people united as firm as a rock around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and the military strategist-genius, will rise up as one man to safeguard our revolutionary gains, attain the complete liberation and unification of the country and preserve peace in Asia and the world, and deal a crushing blow at the enemy.

U.S. imperialism must not run roughshod.

Li Jip

Cuban Apiarian Scientists' Delegation Here

A Cuban apiarian scientists' delegation arrived here on June 17 by air for a visit to our country under the scientific exchange plan between the Academies of Sciences of Korea and Cuba.

The delegation is headed by Humberto Castellanos, sub-director of the Cuban biology institute.

Delegation of Burmese Films Council Here

A delegation of the Burmese Films Council arrived here on June 17 by air for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Ministry of Culture. The delegation is headed by U Myint Soe, director of the Central Films Division, Ministry of Information of the Revolutionary Government of the Union of Burma.

Swedish Journalist and His Wife Arrive

Swedish journalist Victor Winde and his wife arrived here on June 17 by air on a visit to our country at the invitation of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries.

General Manager of UAR "Dar-el-Tahrir" for Printing and Publishing Arrives

Abdel Hamid Ahmed Hamrouche, General Manager of the "Dar-el-Tahrir" for Printing and Publishing of the United Arab Republic, arrived in Pyongyang on June 23 by air on a visit to our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Korean Journalists' Union.

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